THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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JOSIAH KING, NELSON P. REED, } Business Manag'rs.

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FOREIGN ITEMS.

[TRANSLATED FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.]

—There are at present in the city of St. Petersburg, Russia, 391 manufactories, of which 245 are situated outside the city lines. Their annual production is altogether valued at sixty-six million rubles. There are sugar fineries, brandy distilleries, breweries, candle and soap boilers, tanneries, rope walks, saw mills, tobacco factories, etc. The city of St. Petersburg will soon enjoy a telegraph, which will transmit official and private dispatches through all the district and suburbs of the city. Fourteen stations in the inner town and two in the adjacent environs are to be erected. A dispatch of twenty words will cost forty copeks. Paper and stamps for telegrams will be sold throughout the city.

—A movement is on foot to bridge the Bosphorus. The designs of the work have been executed by the Austrian engineer and director of the Russia railroad. The bridge will measure 3,300 feet in length, and will rest on two pillars. One of the arches being 1,067 feet, and the two others 1,026 feet. The weight of the bridge (tough iron) will be 71,000 cwt.; that of the two pillars (cast iron) 1,7,000 cwt. The cost is estimated at seven million florins, that is 14,200,000 in United States currency.

—The editions of the Paris cheap journals are at present as follows: The "*Petit Journal*" has 950,000 readers; the "*Petit Moniteur*" 130,000; the "*Figaro*," only six weeks in existence, 50,000; the "*Journal pour Tous*" and the "*Mode Illustrée*" over 100,000, and a great number of literary and fashion papers, as the "*Voleur*," "*Presse*," "*Temps*," "*Bûche*," "*Parisienne*," which have between 28,000 and 60,000 subscribers.

—Twenty years ago, the Turkish metropolis possessed only two newspapers, the *Journal de Constantinople*, in the French, and the *Official Moniteur*, in the Turkish language. At present, seven journals are issued at Stamboul, in almost every language of the Orient. Among them is the well illustrated *Redjebi-Moumi-Jamana*, which is the favorite of the high society of the Ottoman Empire.

—The issue of postage stamps, when first introduced in France in 1849, was 20 millions; in 1856, it amounted to 450 millions. The stamp office in the "Minister Imperial" at Paris, turns out daily 1,500,000 and a half, the manufacture of which gives employment to 60 men. In England the demand for stamps still higher; it increased last year to 90 millions.

—The art of Phonography is nowhere more extensively diffused than in Bavaria. This country can boast of twenty thousand people (among them a great number of natives of the gentle sex) who are skilled in short-hand writing. The scholars who, by the last record, enjoyed gratis public tuition in this science numbered 2,281.

—Birmingham, England, manufactures every week 28,000 gross of steel pens, which represent nearly 100 tons of steel. This branch of industry gives employment to 380 men and 3,050 women and girls. The price of a gross, which was in the beginning 7 frs., (25 cts.,) is now only 16 frs., (30 centimes.)

—In the year from February, 1866, to February, 1867, the number of beet sugar manufactories in Germany increased by 17 per cent. In 230 establishments 61,581,284 cwt. of beets were transformed into sugar during the year. Most of these establishments are situated in Russia, namely, 234. Brunswick ranks next with eighteen.

—The number of lead pencils annually manufactured at Herwick amounts to thirteen millions, or twenty-five thousand weekly. Some of these lead pencils are worth 60 frs. a gross, and others only 2 frs.

—Mr. Erbeer's "L'Africaine" was repeated sixty-eight times before full audiences at the Opera House in Hamburg, and this piece has as yet lost nothing of its attractive power.

—Oil springs have been discovered in Mart Harch, in the Acruzzo Mountains, (Italy,) which it is said will yield sufficient to supply the whole Peninsula.

—The city of Geneva, Switzerland, will be provided with a pneumatic railroad between the terminus and the square of St. Francis.

—The machine shop of A. Borsig, in Berlin, (Prussia) has turned out 2000 locomotives.

Three Rotted Southerners.

"Mack" writes from Georgia to the Cincinnati *Commercial*:

"Toombs has abandoned all hope of making his slaves answer to roll-call at the foot of Bunker Hill, and has settled down into the peaceful pursuits of private life at his home in Washington, Georgia. He came out of the war tolerably well, considering the share he took in bringing it on. He has lost nothing but his slave property. He has large landed estates in Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi, and he is now diligently cultivating them with free labor. Those who know him, and have recently seen him, say that no inducements would get him into political harness. He accepts the situation, will obey the laws, and behave himself.

"Iverson, his colleague in the Senate at the outbreak of the war, is living at Macon —broken down in fortune, and bad in health. He managed to lose all his property by the war, and now supports himself by keeping a livery stable.

"A. H. Stephens is little seen or heard of now. He is at his home at Crawfordville, on the road between Augusta and Atlanta, practising law. His views on the reconstruction question are not known. They have been repeatedly given out, but as being originated from himself, have been as repeatedly contradicted. I heard something recently in connection with the election of Mr. Stockton to the United States Senate, which I have not seen in print, and which I think ought to be published. If Mr. Alex. H. Stephens, as is well known, did not desire to be elected. He told his friends so; but they urged it upon him General Steadman was the man he most to be afraid of with. He happened to be in the interior of Georgia at the time—in a military command, I think—and took great interest in the matter. Steadman telegraphed to Johnson to know if it would be advisable to elect Mr. Stephens. The President replied very decidedly in the negative, saying that Mr. Stephens was on parole, and ought not to be meddled in politics. The advice was not taken, and Stephens was elected."

—St. Petersburg has gone wild over a French dancer who had failed, however, to excite any particular enthusiasm at Paris. The Czar has set an example of admiration by the magnificent bouquets and jewels of fabulous wonder; and the nobility seek to outdo the imperial munificence. The infection has spread through the whole population, and every night, after the curtain has dropped, the audience rush round to the stage door, and hundreds of sledges, with tinkling greiots and glittering torches escort the favorite to her home. All this creates great amusement among Parisians circles where the fair *danseuse* met with no favor at all.

INQUIRER WITHIN.—The mouth is like a house to let. However pretty it may be externally, it is impossible to judge of its merits until you have seen the inside. If behind the ruby doors there are plenty of pearl-white fixtures, you will exclaim, at once, "how beautiful!" To impart the utmost possible brilliancy to such dental furniture—to keep it always sound and perfect—there is nothing like fragrant SOZODONT. m-w-f.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXII.—NO. 118 PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, MAY 20, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK.

FROM EUROPE.

COMMUNICATION PER CABLE.

Interruption Caused by an Iceberg.

INJURY TO THE CABLE OF 1866.

That of 1865 Sufficient for All Purposes.

THE WAR ON CRETAN ISLAND.

Turks Reported Victorious

THE PROPOSITION OF THE POWERS REFUSED.

French Army Bill Opposed.

DESIGNS OF RUSSIA ON TURKEY.

Financial and Commercial.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TO THE AGENT OF THE NEW YORK ASSOCIATED PRESS:

DEAR SIR: I have this afternoon received a telegram from J. C. Deane, Secretary of the United States American Telegraph Company, containing the annexed copy of a letter, which appears in the London papers of this morning, which I send you for information of the press.

Yours, very truly,

[Signed.] CYRUS W. FIELD.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE LONDON TIMES.—SIR: The uninterrupted state of telegraphic communication with America is evinced by the fact that in the course of yesterday messages passed, implying 2,591 pounds and seven shillings. In order, however, to mitigate, as far as possible, the effect of vague and exaggerated rumors, I feel it my duty, as Chairman of this Company, to ask you to place the public in possession of the following facts, viz: On the 9th inst. it was reported that on the 8th, at 6.30 P. M., a large iceberg grounded off the harbor of Hearts Content, N. F., about one-and a half miles N. N. W. of the northern point and two hundred yards east of the 1866 cable, in about sixteen fathoms of water. In charge with the present wind. On the 9th inst. it was reported the iceberg had disappeared, but on passing over the cable of 1865, it seems, however, that some damage must have been done, for signals through that cable became imperfect, and have not ceased. The Cable of 1865, however, is unimpaired, and there is no reason to doubt that the injury to the cable of 1866 will be repaired without delay or considerable expense. I need only add that the capacity of the cable of 1865 exceeds the requirements of the business for which it is, between this country and America.

I am sir, your obedient servant.

CHARLES BRIGHT, Engineer.

Chairman Anglo American Telegraph Co.

No. 26 Old Broad street, London.

May 17th, 1867.

CRETAN WAR.

RECENT VICTORIES BY THE TURKS.

LONDON, May 18—*Noon.*—The Turks claim great victories over the Cretans in the recent battles.

THE PORTE DECLINES TO CEDE CANDIA.

LONDON, May 18—*Evening.*—Dispatches from Constantinople state that the Porte had replied to the proposition of the Great Powers relative to the cession of Candia to the Greek government. He assures the powers of his ability to suppress the existing rebellion, and firmly declines to cede the Island to any foreign State.

FRANCE.

THE ARMY BILL OPPOSED.

PARIS, May 18.—The French Legislature are opposed to the army bill proposed by the Emperor.

ARRIVED OUT.

QUEENSTOWN, May 18.—The steamers Louisiana, City of Cork and the Queen, from New York, have arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

FRANKFORT, May 18.—Five Twenties closed at 77½.

ANTWERP, May 18—*Evening.*—Petroleum is dull at 48½ francs per 100 kilogrammes.

LONDON, May 18.—5 P. M.—Money market firmer. Consols 92¾; American securities buoyant. Erie 42½; Illinois 76½; 5-20s 72¾.

LONDON, May 18.—Sugar dull and declined, No. 12 quoted 24s.

LIVERPOOL, May 18.—Provision market firmer. Lard quoted at 63s. Pork quoted 85 per barrel. Prime Eastern Mississippi cotton steady.

LONDON, May 18.—The money market is quiet and steady. Consols 92½; Erie, 42¼; Illinois Central, 76¼; 5-20s, 72¾.

LIVERPOOL, May 18—Cotton steady; sales of 12,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet and unchanged. Corn 43s. Wheat 11s 9d for western red, and 14s 3d for California white. Provisions—Pork closed at 85s. Lard 63s 6d. Produce without alteration.

[*By Mail.*]

ARRIVAL OF STEAMER HANSA.

London Times on the Hyde Park Demonstration—The Suez Canal—Spanish Difficulty With Great Britain Settled.

NEW YORK, May 18.—The steamer Hansa, from Southampton on the 7th, arrived this evening.

The London *Times*, speaking of the Hyde Park demonstration, says the public was surprised to hear that the government permitted the demonstration and had resolved not to interfere. The authorities had sworn fifteen thousand special constables, re-inforcement to the military was confirmed, Aldershott cavalry brought up, and a plan of military operations against the demonstration in part perfected, in case the police were inadequate. Forty or fifty thousand people were present, and the crowd was one of the most orderly ever assembled.

The Suez Canal is open for merchandise, and will be open for ships in thirty months.

The Spanish official papers deny that any disturbances have occurred, and say perfect tranquility prevails.

The Malta correspondent of the *Times* says the Spanish difficulty has been settled, and the iron-clads at Gibraltar had been ordered back to Malta.

The Cretan affairs are generally filled with discussions of the Luxemburg question.

RUSSIA ENCIRCLING THE TURKISH PROVINCES WITH TROOPS.

The New York *Herald's* Constantinople letter says: Russia is gradually encircling the Turkish provinces with troops, which in large bodies are between Kaiz and Tiflis, while the country between Kaiz and Erzeroum was occupied by numerous cavalry. There are 150,000 troops at Sebastopol, which is stronger than ever, and Odessa is filled with troops.

CITY OF BOSTON ARRIVED.

Boat Race on the Tyne, Between Kelly and Chambers—The Former Rich—The Fenian Prisoners—Failure of a Large Cotton House—The Czar's Visit to Paris.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The steamer City of Boston, from Liverpool on the 8th, and Queenstown on the 9th, arrived at this port has but little news.

The boat race on the Tyne, between Kelly, of London, and Chambers, of New Castle, was won by the former. Kelly's people was won by the former. Kelly's people was drowned by the breaking of a ferry bridge.

The London *Post* has reason to believe the Government has decided not to carry out the sentence of the law on Fenians Burke and Doran. The sentence in the case of McCaffrey is deferred until after the arguments on the point reserved. Connolly was convicted and Terrence Kelly, Patrick German and Clarke were acquitted at Dublin.

The Special Commission for the county of Limerick was opened on the 6th, and bills for high treason were to be sent up in that court against fifty-five persons.

One of the largest cotton houses in Liverpool, in the New Orleans and Galveston trade, stopped payment on the 7th. The liabilities are 400,000 pounds sterling.

The London *Star* says it would be wrong, and a crime, to execute the sentence of death on the convicted Fenians, and asserts there was more justification for the Irish people rising than there was for the secession of the Southern portion of the United States, to which the sympathies of England were so generously accorded.

The Czar is to be accompanied to Paris early in June by Gortschakoff. The palace of the Tuileries, or the Elysee, has been offered him for a residence. It is said he has chosen the latter.

The King of Greece left Paris on the 7th for St. Petersburg, to be introduced to a daughter of the Grand Duke Constantine.

The papers contain speculations on the Luxemburg question, which the cable news render valueless.

FROM NEW YORK.

General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church—National Association for Amendment of the Constitution.

Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW YORK, May 17th, 1867.

The General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in North America held its regular annual meeting in Dr. Leod's church, New York, on Wednesday evening of last week. Dr. McMaster, the retiring Moderator, preached the opening sermon from Isaiah 60: 1. "Arise, shine; for thy light is come, and the glory of the Lord is risen upon thee," after which the Synod was constituted with prayer.

IRISH PRESBYTERIAN DELEGATES.

The delegation from the Irish Presbyterian Church made their appearance on the floor of the Synod. Their credentials were presented, after which they were invited to take seats as consultative members. The Rev. Drs. Trenham and Hall, the members of the delegation referred to, then addressed synod, and gave an interesting account of the prosperity and prospects of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Ireland. The most blessed results had followed the union which had been formed between the Synod of Ulster and the Secession Synod in 1840. The Assembly were doing all in their power to secure an educated ministry, and an increase of salary for their ministers. A resolution was offered reciprocating the paternal regards expressed by the delegation. The purport of the resolution was conveyed to the delegates by the Moderator, as the organ of the Synod, in appropriate terms.

NORTHERN REPRESENTATION.

On reassembling on Thursday morning, certificates of delegations were handed in. Objection was made to the delegation of the Northern Presbytery, but it is decided that the ratio of representation as originally adopted. After a long debate the whole delegation was admitted, inasmuch as it did not exceed in numbers what the liberal construction of the law allows.

ORGANIZATION.

Rev. W. S. Bratton, Randolph Co., Illinois, was elected Moderator. Rev. J. N. McLeod, D.D. was appointed Stated Clerk, and Rev. Geo Scott D.D. Assistant.

RESOLUTIONS ON RE-UNION.

The following resolutions were introduced on the subject of Union:

Whereas, In the Providence of God, the Great Head of the Church, having removed the principal causes of the separation of the Presbyterian Churches in the United States, holding the Westminister Confession of Faith, and the remaining differences not rolling of sufficient importance to justify the continuance of differences among brethren so nearly allied, and accordially united in a common faith and order, be it

Resolved, By the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, that we respectfully recommend to our respected sister Churches of the Presbyterian order the adoption of measures for an early organic union.

Resolved, That this Synod respectfully recommend to the several Presbyterian judicatories, now met, or soon to meet, to unite with us in calling the attention of the State of the Presbyterian Churches in the United State to meet in the City of Philadelphia, on the second Wednesday of September next, or at such time as may be deemed most expedient upon, for prayer and conference in regard to the terms of Union and Communion among the various branches of the Presbyterian family.

Resolved, That the Rev. T. W. J. Wylie, D. D., the Rev. John M. Roberts, and Mr. William Matthews, be, and they are hereby appointed, a Committee of Arrangements and correspondence in regard to such Convention and on the subject of Union.

Resolved, That we recommend that said Convention shall consist of one Minister and one Ruling Elder from each Presbytery, and that the several Presbyteries of the Presbyterian Church in the United States be invited to send delegates to it as early day, so as to insure a full representation of the entire Presbyterian Church.

A considerable debate the resolutions were referred to a Special Committee of seven, consisting of a member from each Presbytery.

DISMISSAL CERTIFICATE.

At the commencement of the session on Friday morning Dr. Dunlop complained to Synod that the Presbytery of Philadelphia had refused to grant him a certificate of dismissal, on the view of connecting himself with the Presbytery of New York. The matter was finally referred to the Philadelphia Presbytery, with instructions to grant the certificate, if the request should be pressed.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ASSOCIATION.

The National Association for the religious amendment of the Constitution of the United States, held a meeting in the Fourteenth Street Presbyterian Church, on Thursday evening. Dr. Douglas was invited to open the meeting with prayer. A long series of resolutions were adopted, similar to those which have already appeared in the columns of the Gazette. Addresses were delivered by Professor J. H. McIlvaine, of Princeton, N. J., and Dr. Crane, of Newark, N. J.

DEVOTIONAL EXERCISES.

The Committee on Devotional Exercises reported on Friday afternoon. It recommended that the first half hour of the morning session, after the rising of the Synod, be spent in reading the Scriptures, singing, prayer and free conference, the Moderator to name and call on the leaders of each conversation the members of Synod who shall preside.

The following subjects were recommended for conference: On Saturday: "How may those who love the Lord's day spend it most profitably?" On Monday: "How may the walk with God be kept unspotted from the world during the secular days of the week?" Tuesday: "How should the weekly prayer meeting be conducted so as to secure the full attendance and co-operation of the largest number?" Wednesday: "How should the Sabbath School be organized and conducted so as to fulfil best its mission both in the church and in the world?" Thursday: "How may Family Religion be best kept up, and most efficient in their office, and most successful as 'helps' to the ministry in their work?"

THE SUBJECT OF PSALMODY.

On Saturday morning, after receiving a few reports, the following paper was introduced:

WHEREAS, General Synod reaffirmed, at its last meeting, the principles of the Reformed Presbyterian Church on the subject of Psalmody, and declared that the one hundred and fifty scriptural songs in the Book to be used in the public social worship of God; and, whereas, Geo. L. Stuart, Esq., assisted by others, in this parish, in the City on Thursday, that he was in the habit of singing hymns of human composition, in direct contravention and defiance of the long established and reaffirmed law of the Church on the subject, therefore

Resolved, That the said of Geo H. Stuart, Esq., in this Synod, be, and it is hereby, declared vacant.

Resolved, That he be referred to the session of the First Reformed Church of Philadelphia, to be dealt with for a "gross violation of the established order of this church in the use of human hymns in connection with the order and discipline of the church in such case."

The paper was discussed at some length by Rev. Dr. Douglas, Rev. W. T. Wylie, Dr. McLeod and others. On motion, the paper was laid on the table to be taken up at the pleasure of Synod.

Synod adjourned on Saturday at 12 o'clock to Monday morning at half-past nine.

PRESBYTERIAN UNION.

Report on the Subject to the Assembly at Rochester—Terms of Re-Union.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 18.—In the Presbyterian General Assembly, this morning, the Committee on the Union of the two branches of Presbyterians reported at considerable length, after a consultation of several days, which was conducted in the kindliest spirit.

TERMS OF RE-UNION.

The preamble sets forth the advantages of sessions, greatly augmenting the usefulness of the church, and the conditions are that the doctrinal and ecclesiastical basis are the common standards of the two branches; the confession of faith, the larger and shorter, and the discipline of all ministers and churches in the two bodies are to have the same standing in the united body; all churches not thoroughly Presbyterian, who are in organization, shall be advised to perfect their organization, and no other churches shall be received; the official records of the two branches shall be preserved and the whole history of the church; no rule or precedent shall be made by both bodies shall be accepted until accepted by the majority of the corporal rights are to be consolidated; there shall be no single committees for church enterprises, these terms are to be ratified by three-fourths of the Presbyterian in each branch. The terms are to be published, and report made to the next assemblies in 1868. Theological assemblies to which they desire, put themselves under synodical control.

Hon. Samuel Hayes, Hon. H. W. Greene, Dr. Theodore W. Dwight, Hon. William Strong, and Hon. George Sherwood are recommended as a committee to investigate the question of the propriety of invested rights, to report by next January.

The report was referred, without discussion, to a committee of nine, to report to the Assembly next Wednesday.

River Telegrams.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette, via Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company.]

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OIL CITY, May 18.—The Echo departed at 10 A. M. The Petrolia arrived this afternoon. River 4½ feet and falling. Weather clear and cool.

MAURICE, May 18.—The River is declining at the rate of one foot every 24 hours.

FROM CINCINNATI.

Old School Presbyterian Assembly—Report of the Committee on Re-Union—General Impressions of the Assembly.

Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.

CINCINNATI, May 17, 1867.

Assembly met at nine o'clock A. M. After religious services the regular business was resumed. The Moderator announced the Standing Committees, the principal of which, with their Chairmen, we name. Bills and Overtures, Dr. Stanton; Judicial, Dr. Howard; Theological Seminaries, Dr. Breed; Education, Dr. Williams; Church, Extension, Dr. Brownson; Foreign Missions, Dr. Lord.

REPORT OF JOINT COMMITTEE.

The report agreed upon by the Joint Committee of the Old and New School Presbyterian Churches was read. It is a very able document, evincing great care and wisdom on the part of those who prepared it. It sets forth very clearly and strongly the desirableness of a re-union of the two Churches, and lays down a plan by which it may be consummated. The Assembly listened to the reading of the entire report with profound interest and evident satisfaction. It was on motion accepted, and referred to a Special Committee of seven. When reported back to the Assembly a warm discussion is anticipated. It is understood that some will bravely and earnestly oppose—some, too, of the older and ablest men in the Assembly.

RELIGIOUS DEVOTIONS.

At 10 o'clock these devotions began, and, under a resolution of yesterday, continued two hours. The singing, prayers, and remarks were mostly voluntary, and were characterized by brevity, and a good degree of appropriateness. The spirit of the meeting was excellent, and its interest seemed to increase as it progressed.

GENERAL IMPRESSIONS.

To a looker-on, and one who has no prejudices to gratify this General Assembly, as it proceeds with its business, invests itself with much deeper interest. The first impression it makes on his mind is, that it is composed of men of God—men full of faith, and full of the Holy Ghost. They believe in prayer, in looking continually and confidently to God for His presence and blessing. The time, since the hour of the opening of the Assembly, has been spent in public religious devotions. Singing and praying, and talking about revivals of religion, and how they have been promoted in the past, this far, been more prominent than all else. God always honors those that honor Him.

A second impression is, that the Church, represented by such a General Assembly, must be a truly Spiritual Church—one that is exercising a healthful influence in the land. And this is an impression abundantly sustained by facts patent to all.

A third impression is, that the Presbyterian Church is not represented by the General Assembly. Believes in *Special and practical efforts* to secure revivals of religion. In many such efforts measures have already been referred, and have spoken of them as signally successful. Hundreds have been the instances, in answer to prayer, granted to the Lord, and added to the Church. Several cases of this sort were reported to-day during the prayer meeting. Another impression is, that the Assembly is thoroughly loyal, and in a fair way to become radical. It has wisely purged itself of all the old leaven of disloyalty and pro-slaveryism. The Moderator's sermon had the right ring; it branded rebellion and slavery with a withering rebuke, and spoke the thanksgiving with a withering rebuke, and spoke the branding gave peculiar satisfaction to the Assembly.

A final impression is, that the spirit pervading the Assembly is truly catholic and intensely missionary. It spurns all mere sectarian boundaries, and proffers the right hand of Christian fellowship to all evangelical churches; bids a God's speed to all who love the Lord Jesus Christ. It goes out after the lost souls of the living in the land and other lands; and longs for that day when the kingdoms of this world shall become the kingdoms of our Lord and of His Christ. God grant that the Presbyterian Church may be made a thousand-fold stronger. VISITOR.

FROM NEW YORK

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 18, 1867.

BROADWAY BANK VICTIMIZED.

Yesterday the Broadway Bank was victimized to the extent of $17,500 by a forged check, purporting to be drawn by officers of the Board of Education. The forger has not been arrested.

INDIAN ATTACK ON RAILROAD MEN.

The following dispatch was received at the Union Pacific Railroad Company office, from General Dodge, Chief Engineer, dated May 13th, Fort Sanders, Dakota Ter., Brown's party on Rock Creek. They killed Stephen Clark, of New York, captured one pack mule, and wounded another. The balance of the escort pa ty. Gen. Brown is now at Fort Saunders.

[Signed.] S. SEYMOUR,
Consulting Engineer.

FENIAN CHIEF FROM IRELAND.

The Fenian Colonel O'Connor arrived yesterday from Ireland. He states the lines of the organization in Ireland and England are again perfect, and the organization stronger than ever. The men are more determined to grapple with the enemy, and more hopeful of success.

NEW YORK, May 19, 1867.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

Caroline Davis and Dr. Rosenberg were arrested yesterday, charged with the murder of Frederick Dorman, formerly Henry Davis, in Avenue A, on Wednesday. Both partied denied the charge, alleging that Davis, in a fit of jealous frenzy, shot himself.

SHIP IN DISTRESS.

The ship Palmas, hence for Valparaiso, with coal material for the Chilian Government, put into St. Thomas recently in a leaking condition, and was immediately condemned by the British consul. She was sold for $1,000, and will probably have to be unloaded.

GEN. GRANT TO VISIT BATTLE-FIELDS.

The *Herald's* Washington special says, it is reported that Gen. Grant will soon visit the scenes of his old campaigns in the South on horseback, and the Richmond *Whig* suggests that Lee accompany him.

SAILORS' BOUNTY.

It is said Judge Marvin, of Florida, Senator elect, has been permitted by the Postmaster General to frank all his mail matter, which is regarded as tantamount to the rights of the Southern States, and those who claim to represent them, in advance of Congress or the courts.

SAILORS' BOUNTY.

Secretary Welles has never decided that sailors and marines, honorably discharged from the service, are entitled to the bounty of $100 unless they served full terms of enlistment, as has been stated.

FIRE SUNDAY MORNING.

A fire this morning, at No. 47 Maiden Lane, occupied by Richard Douglass & Co., importers of fancy dress wares, burnt through the two upper floors of the building, and the others were flooded with water. Loss $20,000; fully insured.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

Philadelphia School Committee Visitors—Woman's Suffrage Association —Prayer of a Rival Company— Return of Gen. Sherman—An Indian War an Optional Matter.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 18.—The Philadelphia Committee on Public Schools arrived here last night, and were cordially received by Mayor Thomas and members of the Board of Public Schools. To-morrow they will visit the principal school buildings, and on Tuesday, after being shown some prominent places of interest, and a ride in the country, they will leave for Chicago; thence they go to Milwaukee, Cincinnati and other western cities.

A Woman's Suffrage Association has been organized in this city, and some of our most prominent ladies have been elected officers. Much enthusiasm is said to be felt in the city and throughout the State to secure public opinion so as to effect a revision of the constitution conferring the right of suffrage on women.

Report says that a large oil manufacturing company in this city has failed. Its liabilities are said to amount to $300,000, which have been placed on it, and its property is now in the hands of the sheriff.

Gen. Sherman returned from Fort Harker, Kansas, yesterday. He is reported to have said that we can have an Indian war or not, as we choose. He says parties in Kansas desire war, but don't think they will be gratified.

FROM CANADA.

Reported Arrival of the Fenian Informer—Animals, Poultry, &c., to be Imported from the United States Duty Free.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, C. E., May 18.—It is reported that Massey, the Fenian general leader, and "informer," arrived in Canada yesterday from Portland, Maine.

The weather is very cold and showery.

OTTOWA, C. W., May 18.—An order has been issued by the Councils, and published, permitting horses, cattle sheep, pigs, and other animals, poultry and fancy birds, to be imported, duty free, from the United States for the agricultural societies, for the improvement of stock.

The discount on American invoice is 20 per cent.

General Grant on His Battle Fields.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, VA., May 18.—General Grant and staff visited the battle fields around Richmond to-day. They will go to Fortress Monroe to morrow, where the General will leave his family and return to Washington.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Receipts and Disbursements—Maudamus Refused—The Impeachment —Registers in Bankruptcy—General Sickles Brevetted—Chief Justice Chase, &c., &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 18, 1867.

FINANCIAL.

The disbursements of the week were $1,233,096; receipts of Internal Revenue, $2,-305,829.

CEASED AS A DEPOSITORY.

The Second National Bank of Chicago has voluntarily ceased to be a depository of public moneys.

FAIR PROCEEDS.

The fair held in Washington for the past two weeks, for the relief of the destitute in the South, netted between $3,000 and $4,000.

THE IMPEACHMENT MATTER.

The Judiciary Committee have taken a large mass of evidence on the impeachment question. Representative Ashley, of Ohio, is still here in connection with this subject.

MANDAMUS REFUSED.

Application was made to the Supreme Court of this district, several days ago, for a mandamus to compel the Judges of Election to place the names of certain white citizens on the registry of voters. The Court to-day, through Judges Olin, Fisher and Wiley, delivered separate opinions, all arriving at the same result, viz: that a mandamus could not lie until after the expiration of the two days allowed by law for the correction of the poll list.

TREASURY CIRCULAR.

The following Circular to Collectors of Customs has been issued:

As it seems desirable that the privilege of unloading at night should be waived in the case of steamers engaged in the coaling trade, in regularly established lines, plying on the lakes of the northern frontier of the United States, between ports in the United States, East of the Niagara Falls, and West of Waddington, in consequence of being compelled to pass the Welland Canal, and thus touch at foreign places, the regulations of February, 18th, 1865, are, with respect to such steamers, hereby so far modified as to authorize the unloading of cargos from them at night, by virtue of special permit from Collectors or their deputies, to be granted upon the immediate personal supervision of an Inspector, and without requiring the oath prescribed by the aforesaid regulations of February, 18th.

WASHINGTON, May 19, 1867.

REGISTERS IN BANKRUPTCY.

Chief Justice Chase has thus far nominated about one-third of the entire number of Register in Bankruptcy, for those for the Eastern and Northern States; also for Georgia and Louisiana. He has addressed a letter to various District Judges, informing them that if any nominees are known not to possess the necessary qualifications for performing the duties of the office, they are at liberty to withhold the appointment, furnishing names or recommendation by him not being conclusive and not binding on the Judges. For this reason the names of nominees have not been furnished to the Press.

GOES TO RICHMOND.

Chief Justice Chase will go to Richmond to hold a Circuit Court, if any business should come before it requiring his presence. It is certain that he intends holding court in North Carolina, one of the States included in his circuit, early in June.

ALL TRANQUIL AT CHARLESTON.

A note from an officer in General Sickles department, addressed to a friend in this city, dated the 17th inst., says: "All goes on well. Charleston, so far, has given no nuisances; but tranquility, order and concord."

GEN. SICKLES BREVETED.

Gen. Sickles has been brevetted Major General in the regular army, for gallant and meritorious services at the battle of Gettysburg on the 2d of July, 1863.

FROM MEXICO.

Official Account of Negotiations Between the Imperialists and Liberals —The Recent Engagement at Queretaro.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON CITY, May 19.—The following official dispatch was forwarded on the 29th of April to the Mexican Minister in this city, and gives an account of the negotiations between the Imperialists and Liberals in the City of Mexico:

"ORIZABA, *April 21.—To General Benavides, Commanding Puebla Before Vera Cruz.*—Sir: Yesterday a German princess, wife of one of Maximilian's aids, presented herself at the headquarters of General Escobedo and has just informed me that nothing new has occurred to-day. On the 24th Diaz Information will be received, bulletin communicating operations against the City of Mexico from his headquarters, now at Guadaloupe Hidalgo.

[Signed.] BENITO JUAREZ.

CAME BEFORE QUERETARO, April 27.—Meridan to the Minister of War, San Luis Potosi: The enemy very early this morning threw himself with all his force upon the line of Cimatario, held by a division from Michoacan, and dislodged it, completely occupying a greater part of the heights, and becoming up in time repulsed the enemy, driving it back in confusion to the Central Square, leaving in the field a large number of killed and wounded and prisoners. The cavalry force of the enemy was routed during the conflict, which lasted six hours. It is now 12 o'clock, and I forward this report to you from the aforesaid line. Cimalerio.

[Signed] ESCOBEDO.

Camp before Queretaro, April 28th, 11.20 a. m. To the Minister of War, San Luis Potosi:—Nothing new has occurred during the past night. We are occupying the heights of the dead, and the field is still covered with them. The losses of three corps of reserves which made the attack is as follows: Colonels Dores De Galena, 28 men; Supremen Paddes, 13 men; First of the Line, 16 men. The losses of other cavalry and infantry corps which came to the succor of the first are trifling. [Signed] ESCOBEDO.

The following extract is taken from a letter written from camp before Queretaro, dated April 20th: Miramon, having asked for a suspension of hostilities and permission to hold an interview with Escobedo for personal friends, Gen. Rocha, and Colonels Route-Inez and Galardit, it was granted. The latter advanced toward the river, and Miramon stood on the bank opposite. He proposed to them an armistice, during which a conference should be held in the City of Mexico, to decide upon a form for the future government of Mexico. The Liberal officers laughed at his proposals, and informed him in turn of the capture of Puebla and the defeat of Marquese, which Miramon was very reluctant to believe.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

General Halleck Returned from Arizonia—Indian War Inevitable—Savages Are Concentrating and in Large Numbers.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 16.—General Halleck and Staff, and Quartermaster General Allen, have returned from Arizona. Indian depredations continue.

The Sacramento Bee says: "Information has been received that a general Indian war was inevitable. The savages are assembling in large numbers in the mountains, raiding through the valley and on traveled roads, driving off stock and capturing trains. The Indians were notified by the citizens that they would be shot at sight when found wandering among the white men.

Governor Blaisdell has appointed J. Neely Johnson, Ex Governor of California, to fill a vacancy in the Supreme Court of Nevada, occasioned by the death of Judge Brosman.

CONDENSED NEWS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

—A grand tournament, for the benefit of the widows and orphans of Confederates, comes off at Memphis on Wednesday next. Preparations have been made to seat ten thousand persons.

—Trouble being apprehended in New Orleans, consequent upon the holding of a firemen's festival, General Sheridan telegraphed from Galveston to his chief of staff, Gen Hartsuff, thus: "Let the festival go on. Hold troops in readiness to suppress a riot if necessary, keeping the Custom House as your basis of operations; and, if necessary, call on the naval commander to place his ships opposite the foot of Canal street."

—The Galveston (Texas) rioters were thus addressed on Friday last by Gen. Mower

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, MAY 20, 1867.

THE movements of Russia, in apparent hostility to Turkey, are reported to be assuming formidable proportions.

THE Courts of Common Pleas of Pennsylvania are each authorized to appoint a phonographer to take down and record the testimony of witnesses examined.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., has 419 manufacturing establishments, employing $12,319,500 capital and 7,928 hands, and yielding an annual production of $27,517,458.

ISAAC B. GARA, Esq., Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, will please accept our thanks for a pamphlet containing the general laws passed by the late Legislature.

HEREAFTER whenever a balance has been ascertained and determined as due and owing from any corporation to the Commonwealth, twelve per cent. interest will be exacted after the first thirty days.

IT SEEMS PROBABLE that Congress will convene in July for the transaction of business, according to adjournment. The situation of the national finances is urged as a new and weighty reason for this course.

THE Atlantic cable, laid last year, has been damaged by icebergs grounding on it off the harbor of Heart's Content, N. F. The cable of 1865 remains in good condition. The damaged cable, it is thought, will be repaired without much difficulty.

GEN. MOWER prescribed sharp but excellent medicine at New Orleans, the other day, for a set of scoundrels who sought by violence to deter peaceable and industrious men from selling their labor to suit themselves. Said he, "If you go on with this rioting, by the Eternal God, I will throw grape and canister into you." The scoundrels stood in awe of the punishment they were provoking, and subsided.

THE Legislature, at its last session, passed a law relative to railroad baggage. It provides that each passenger shall be entitled to carry one trunk or box, not exceeding one hundred pounds in weight; that when baggage shall be lost and damages claimed, not to exceed three hundred dollars shall be allowed for each trunk or box together with its contents; that if any person wishes to carry more weight or greater value of baggage than this, he or she must have the trunk or box weighed by the baggage agent before starting, disclose the value that will be claimed in case of loss, and pay extra for excess as may be required by the particular railroad company. Of course, if a man makes disclosure of value, and pays extra, he must be sure to take a receipt, or he will have nothing to show in case of loss.

THE MAYOR OF MOBILE did well in inviting Mr. KELLEY to return to that city, promising him ample protection in exercising the right of Free Discussion. No State concerned in the rebellion will be restored to its former rights in the Union until liberty of speech is reasonably assured throughout its borders. The day has gone by in which it was safe or prudent to maltreat or assassinate men for speaking their minds freely on public questions. Nor will it do to require that Northern men addressing Southern audiences shall bate their breath, modify or conceal their opinions, and pay unusual deference to the local sentiment. For many years ruffian violence trampled out all expression of opinion at the South, except on the popular side. The reign of violence is gone and cannot be restored. If the men of the South are wise, they will not attempt the restoration.

It was specially unfortunate for Alabama that the attempt to kill Mr. KELLEY was made almost simultaneously with the release of Mr. DAVIS, and when Northern men were becoming sureties for his enlargement. His release, conditioned and in form temporary, was highly offensive to a large majority of the Northern people, who thought some expiation was due to the insulted majesty of the laws. At this precise moment, flashed out in Mobile the old fire of the rebellion, cruel and bloody as during any period of the great contest.

WE bespeak attention to the address of the National Executive Committee of the Republican party, which will be found in another column.

It has been objected to the Republican party that it was sectional; that it did not exist in the Southern States. Why did it not? The Democrats, throughout all that region, maintained a system of terrorism against every man who avowed a liking for Republican doctrines and measures. He was debarred from social intercourse. His business was destroyed. He was treated to tar and feathers. He was shot or hanged. This is the only reason why Republicanism was sectional. It instincts, principles and aims have always been national.

In some Southern localities attempts have recently been made to revive the old Democratic practices. In the breasts of some men the former hatred of freedom of opinion and utterance is as lively as ever, and it breaks out in massacres and assassinations. But the ferocity does not, as formerly, prevade the masses of the population. The war proved a stern but wholesome instructor. The enfranchisement of the blacks is swiftly working a social and political revolution.

The time has arrived for extending the Republican organization over the whole country. Upon the Republican Executive Committee the duty of leading in this matter is laid. It has entered upon the work; and now appeals for money to enable it to go forward.

"GEN. HALLECK'S HEADQUARTERS, }
June 4th, 1862. }

"Gen. Pope, with 40,000 men, is 20 miles south of Corinth, pushing the enemy hard. He already reports 10,000 prisoners and deserters from the enemy, and 15,000 stand of arms captured. Thousands of the enemy are throwing away their arms. A farmer says that when Beauregard learned that Colonel Elliott had cut the railroad on his line of retreat, he became frantic, and told his men to save themselves the best way they could. We have captured nine locomotives and a number of cars. One of the former is already repaired, and is running to-day; several more will be in running order in two or three days. The result is all I could possibly desire.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major General Commanding.

Hon. E. M. Stanton, Sec'y. of War."

When the facts came out it appeared Gen. POPE had made no such success, and he was denounced, or laughed at, according to the humor of different individuals. Gen. POPE now denies having sent such a dispatch to Gen. HALLECK. Indeed, he has forwarded to Mr. WADE, Chairman of the Senate Committee on the conduct of the War, a correspondence between himself and Gen. HALLECK, relative to the matter. First, a letter from POPE calling HALLECK's attention to the above dispatch, and asking him to produce the paper on which it was based. HALLECK replied that his papers were packed for shipment to California, but that any statement made by him he had proper vouches for. POPE replied, denying that he ever sent such a dispatch as HALLECK represented, and demanding that HALLECK should make good his statement or retract it. To this letter HALLECK has never replied. In this view of the matter POPE must be held exonerated.

THE BAILMENT OF MR. DAVIS.

Mr. HORACE GREELEY saw fit to become one of the bailmen of Mr. JEFFERSON DAVIS. In so doing he exercised his undoubted right as a man and a citizen. He followed to their natural conclusion principles he has avowed all his life. He does not believe punishment is medicine; or vengeance, curative. Has he a right so to believe? If he has, why are unnumbered vials of wrath broken on his head? Furthermore, he believes wrong has been done Mr. DAVIS in holding him as a military prisoner over two years, he all the while demanding to be turned over to the civil authorities, and put upon his trial. The vilest criminal has rights. If Mr. DAVIS was ten times as bad a man as he is, he would still have the right to demand a legal arraignment and conviction. Punishing first, and trying afterwards, may sometimes gratify popular passions; but it is infamous in itself, and of dangerous tendency relative to the general security of rights.

In coincidence with these ideas, Mr. GREELEY holds that the path to a genuine reconstruction of the Union does not run through executions, proscriptions, and confiscations. He opened his recent speech at Richmond with the pregnant inquiry of the old Hebrew prophet, "Shall the sword devour forever?" Whoever will first banish passion and prejudice from the judgment seat, and install thereon reason and experience, and then read this speech, will find in it much to commend. He will certainly fail to detect in it fair ground for the harsh criticisms pronounced upon it.

We do not accept Mr. GREELEY's theory of punishment, and hence have never sustained his proposition for Universal Amnesty. So far from it, we have steadily urged that Mr. DAVIS and other leaders of the rebellion should be brought to the punishment they deserve. But in this issue between Mr. GREELEY and his assailants our sympathies are with him. Has he a right to his belief, and to act squarely up to it, violating no law? The unmeasured vituperation of which he is just now the object, indicates a settled purpose to constrain him not to act in consistency with himself, but to suit his critics. As friends of personal freedom and manly independence we are rejoiced he shows no signs of quailing before the storm.

Why is he singled out for anathema? Judge UNDERWOOD admitted Mr. DAVIS to bail, and counsel for the government did not object. Not a word is said in condemnation of them. Is personal spite and political jealousies at the bottom of the terrific assault upon him? What has become of all the rhetoric of his enemies in favor of "Free Speech, a Free Press, and Free Men?"

The fact is the government purposely missed the only chance that ever existed, as we view the case, for bringing Mr. DAVIS to justice, when it neglected or refused, soon after his arrest, to order a Military Commission to try him for treason. This, we think, will be seen clearer by and by than it is now. This was the course we desired should be taken; but the Administration was resolved he should not be punished. To send him before a Military Commission at this late day would shock the civilized world. Hence, he has been at last turned over to the civil magistrates. His bailment does not prevent his trial, whenever it shall suit the Judges to call on his case. Will it be called? The current impression is that it will not. Why? Nobody doubts Judge UNDERWOOD's loyalty or zeal. Not a man questions the patriotism, talents, or sagacity of Chief Justice CHASE. What, then, is the matter? It would seem that in the minds of the initiated more than a suspicion exists that in consequence of concessions either by the Executive department or by military commanders a conviction would be frustrated if the trial should proceed, or, perhaps that the jury would fail to agree upon a verdict; in either case leaving the government in a worse attitude than would follow a voluntary relinquishment of the prosecution. If this conjecture is correct, can Mr. GREELEY properly be made a scapegoat? or, rather, is it not folly to do otherwise than face the case as it stands, and make the best of it?

If the journals which display so much wrath, not at the bailment of Mr. DAVIS, but at Mr. GREELEY for becoming one of his sureties, really want him to be tried, why do they not direct their criticisms at the Judges who have power in the premises? at the Attorney General, who represents the government in the prosecution? and at the President, who has both influence and authority over the Attorney General? These are the people who have the decision of the matter. If they say Mr. DAVIS shall be tried, he will be, a thousand Mr. GREELEYS to the contrary notwithstanding. What say you, journalistic vituperators? Do you want the trial? or do you only want occasion to cudgel Mr. GREELEY?

To the Republicans of the Union.

The National Union Committee appeals to the Republicans of every State, for their assistance and co-operation in this auspicious crisis of our country.

We deem it of the highest importance that the Republicans of each State should immediately reorganize for the remaining elections of 1867, preparatory to the coming Presidential contest. Especially should this organization be immediately effected in those States which have never before recognized as the only just basis of government the equal and inalienable rights of man. Not a day should be lost in forming and strengthening within those States a public sentiment in consonance with the principles which underlie the great Political Organization to which we belong.

To this end, we desire to prosecute a systematic and thorough canvass of the Southern States, by the most efficient speakers of both races. We would second their efforts by a distribution of documents, enforcing the principles, policy and aims of bold, healthy Republicanism. We would call, in every localities where it is possible, meetings for discussion, where those who are willing to participate may learn to act in unity and energy. These measures are required to bring out the vote of that large body of Republican Unionists who now render the Southern States a battle-field of principle. It is the pressing need of the hour that bold, fearless and able men, thoroughly imbued with our creed, should there explain our principles, establish our faithfulness to them, and prove that natural greatness and human freedom depend upon the permanent triumph of our cause.

Beyond this it is most essential that we should now establish in those States a Free Thought, Free Speech and a Free Press. Every part of this Republic must be open to the discussion of principles and measures. This must be sustained, as a cardinal point in our creed, at any and every hazard. Efforts to intimidate the humble and ignorant voter on the part of the Southern planter, must be met with the spirit of freemen, and the determination which a just cause sanctions.

In times past, the Republican party has struggled against the unjust reproach of being sectional in its aims and character, though its purposes and its means of effecting them were such as the fathers of the Republic approved. It was accused of being governed by selfish motives, and of desiring to aggrandize the North at the expense of the South. Its adversaries, having the power to silence and to crush all opposition, denied all discussion and overawed even freedom of thought in fifteen States of the Union. It is, therefore, now an imperative duty, which we owe to our party and to ourselves, to embrace the first opportunity of truly representing to those States how consistently we have contended for the interests, welfare and freedom of the whole Union.

The overthrow of slavery and the rebellion, and the enfranchisement of the freedmen, rendering this overthrow secure and final, have happily vindicated our course and organization; but it is necessary to stamp the conviction of our loyalty and fidelity to the right, irrespective of section or race, upon the reconstructed States. For the first time in many years, the enthusiastic followers of our flag and confessors of our faith are there taking part in the popular gatherings, and in many of the Southern States we have reason to believe that they form a decided majority. They are, however, without organization, and lack the cohesion and discipline necessary to success. Three-fourths of the Republicans have never voted, and have no practical knowledge of the means whereby the popular will is expressed. With many of them, the habit is fixed, of rendering implicit obedience to able and dexterous politicians who are implacably hostile to our principles and determined on the prostration of our cause.

Our immediate action is therefore imperative. We cannot delay without imperilling all for which so much has been sacrificed in the past. Confident in our strength in the North, the West and the Pacific States, we must not forget that we have a great duty to perform toward the loyal and true men of the South.

REPUBLICANS! our appeal is to you, to carry on and sustain the work which a few loyal and true men have so nobly begun. We cannot ask speakers, in addition to giving their time and talents for months to this labor, to defray their own necessary expenses. We cannot print and distribute documents of the character required, without a heavy outlay. We have no means or reliance except upon the generous spirit of that great party which holds the claims of Humanity and Freedom above all price. The patronage of the Government brought into power by the statesmanship, the courage, and the loyalty of that party, will not aid us in this good work.

We must therefore appeal directly and personally to you. If you are rich, give generously. If poor, send us whatever you can afford. The generous purpose and the noble aim sanctify the humblest efforts. At all events, act promptly, and let us feel that the sympathy of the Republican party is with us in our purpose of making this great land the home of true Republican principles, where distinctions of race and color are unknown, and where Liberty, Virtue and Intelligence form the enduring basis of our greatness and prosperity.

Address letters and contributions to Gov. MARCUS L. WARD, Chairman and Treasurer, Newark, N. J.

MARCUS L. WARD, N. J.
SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE, Pa.
WILLIAM CLAFLIN, Mass.
JOHN B. CLARK, N. H.
HORACE GREELEY, N. Y.
H. H. STARKWEATHER, Conn.
N. B. SMITHERS, Del.
W. HOFFMAN, Md.

Executive Com. of the National Union Com.

New York, May 16, 1867.

"All the Republican journals are requested to copy and to second this appeal.

PURE WHITE LEAD.

Buy it and try it. Every keg warranted a pure article, ground in the best Linseed Oil.

Varnishes of all kinds; Linseed Oil and Putty. Also, North Carolina Tar, in kegs and barrels, at low rates.

Pure Liquors, of all kinds, and the finest Wines in the city.

Edinburg Sparkling Ales, and English Ales; Dublin Brown Stout and Porter, sold wholesale and retail.

At Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,
At Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,
At Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,
No. 84 Market street,
No. 84 Market street,
No. 84 Market street,
Corner Diamond, near Fourth street.
Corner Diamond, near Fourth street.
Corner Diamond, near Fourth street.

my20:MTW

GRAY HAIR, BALDNESS, DANDRUFF, ANY DISEASE OF THE SCALP.—NO DISCOVERY CAN COMPARE WITH "LYON'S HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING."

"London Our Best	Hair Color Restorer"
"London	Hair Color Restorer"
"London Physicians	Hair Color Restorer"
"London	Hair Color Restorer"
"London Use and	Hair Color Restorer"
"London	Hair Color Restorer"
"London Recommend it.	Hair Color Restorer"

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to the weakest hair, fadeless and stops it falling off, and is more to produce a new growth of hair. Sold by druggists generally. Only 75 cents a bottle, at the hair dresser.

Sold by McCLARRAN & McKENNAN, 85 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, Wood street, and JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, Pittsburgh. KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny.

may27:lt20:MWF

ALL THE WORLD OVER!

There are but few spots on our globe where HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS are not known; and, when known, appreciated.

In the United States and British America it has become a household word. As a protective against malaria, epidemic fevers, Fever and Ague, and other diseases, produced by malarious influences, it stands far ahead of all other preparations, and is so considered by the most eminent physicians of the day.

In South and Central America, Mexico and West Indies it has obtained a firm hold on the minds of the people, and is implicitly relied upon as a certain preventive and cure for the many malarious diseases incident to those tropical regions.

In Australia, Tasmania, New Zealand and adjacent islands, its progress has been marvelous. Her hosts, men, women and children, freely and spontaneously endorse it. Thousands already has it saved from the pernicious effects of miasma, arising from the low swampy grounds so prevalent in those countries.

In China and the East Indies it is wearing its way with rapid strides, and is extensively used in the hospitals.

In Conservative Europe, even, its influence is being felt, and the day is not far distant when

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

will become in the old world what it now is in the new—a never-failing joy to the afflicted.

PINUS CANADENSIS.

A tree which is abundant in Canada, Nova Scotia, and the more northern parts of the New England States, and is also found in the elevated and mountainous regions of the Middle States, and abounds in medicinal virtues. Dr. Swett, of Boston, has prepared a medicine from the sweet inside bark of the pine tree, called POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which is one of rare value in all debilitated states of the kidneys. It acts like a charm in all diseases of mucous membranes, enabling them to regain their lost tone and energy. It will be found well adapted to all those diseases, where Buchu has been tried and failed. It is likewise well suited to chronic coughs, and an infallible specific for old and debilitated cases of asthma. Many persons who at first only took a bottle of this medicine, to try, afterwards came and got a dozen, or half dozen, which effected radical cures of diseases of the bladder and kidney of years standing.

Diabetes, a disease that has been looked upon as among the incurables, is immediately relieved by it. Notice the certificate of Asa Goodnue, published some time ago.

The *United States Dispensatory*, speaking of the pine, says: "It is prescribed in hemorrhoids, piles and chronic inflammation or ulceration of the bowels, in chronic catarrhal affections, and in various forms of rheumatism." It is exceedingly valuable in all gravelly affections, bloody urine, and where there is red and white sediment. It can be taken without interruption to one's usual avocations; and instead of sickening, produces a bracing, healthy power of endurance and vigor. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5.

ASK for POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. For sale by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at DR. KEYSER'S Great Medicine store, 140 Wood street.

apr20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,
Bankers,
No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert 7-30's, free of charge, upon Government terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Bank, Gas and Bridge Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.

WANTED.—The bonds of the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

DYER AND SCOURER,

Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed.

KID GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES cleaned or dyed.

MRS. LONERGAN, M. D., will resume her Medical Practice in Pittsburgh, MAY 20th, at

No. 24 MAY STREET, near Penn,

Where she will attend patients during office hours, from 9 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m.

my17:s96

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
Anchor Cotton Mills, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of HEAVY, MEDIUM & LIGHT, ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
BRIGHT AND COLORED BATTING.

MINERAL WATER FOR SALE.
TWO CASES VICHY WATER,

Bought for private use, but not needed. Address "A. B.," GAZETTE COUNTING ROOM.

my15:p1

IN THE SPRING MONTHS, the system naturally undergoes a change, and HEMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is an assistant of the greatest value.

apl5:MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
HIGHEST MARKET RATES
PAID FOR
MAY AND JULY COUPONS,
AT
JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,
Bankers,
Cor. Fourth & Wood Sts.
SIGN—ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

FRAGRANT AND RICH TEAS.
PURE
AROMATIC COFFEES.
PURE SPICES,
AND
CANNED FRUITS,
Pure and Delicious.

SHIELDS & BOUCHER,
108 Smithfield Street,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.

In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 630, June Term, 1867. In the matter of the Petition of WILHELMINA VOLTZ, wife of JOSEPH VOLTZ to be declared a Feme Sole Trader.

And now, May 18th, 1867, petition presented in open Court, and thereupon the Court grant a rule on JOSEPH VOLTZ, the husband, of said petitioner, and on all other persons interested, to appear in Court on or before FIRST MONDAY OF JUNE NEXT, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and order and direct that notice of said rule be given to the parties interested by publication in the Pittsburgh DAILY GAZETTE, for ten days prior to said first Monday of June.

FROM THE RECORD.

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

my20:d3

FOR SALE.
Desirable Coal Farm,

Containing 200 acres, unclerlaid with a vein of coal from 4 to 5 feet, situate about four miles from Sharon, Mercer county, Pa., and convenient to the Pittsburgh & Erie R. R. 70 acres of timber. Water in every field except one. Two-story frame house; stable for eighteen head of horses, wagon shed, barn 80x70; cable shed, &c. Orchard of 170 trees.

JOHN D. BAILEY,

my20:WFM No. 102 FOURTH STREET.

JOHN ROSS.....JOHN KNABLE.....JOHN H. SOYTS.

PITTSBURGH LAMP COMPANY.
JOHN ROSS & CO.,
No. 23 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Manufacturers of

LAMPS, LAMP BASES, CHIMNEYS, LANTERNS, ETC.

Also, dealers in everything pertaining to the Lamp Trade.

TUMBLERS, TABLE WARE, WINDOW GLASS, and everything in the Glass Line.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that cause disease.

apl5:MWF

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
Allegheny, May 20th, 1867. {

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office on WEDNESDAY, May 22d, at 10 o'clock p. m., for Grading, Paving and Curbing the following streets and alleys, viz:

CARROLL STREET, from Main street to Federal street.

MANILLA ALLEY, from Allegheny avenue to rear of lots fronting on Irwin avenue.

DAVIS ALLEY, from Pasture lane to Fremont alley.

R. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.

my17:td3

JAMES B. JONES,
DEALER IN
Scrap Iron, Light Iron,
CAST AND WROUGHT IRON.
ROPE, &C.
Corner Anderson Street and River Avenue, Allegheny City.

C. G. FISCHER'S
FANCY
Dyeing and Scouring Establishment,
No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,

Between Wood and Smithfield streets,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.

All goods returned in two weeks. Goods kept subject to the owner twelve months.

my15:s83

PIANOS AND ORGANS.—A very large stock of
KNAKE & CO.'S PIANOS,
HAINES BROS. PIANOS, and
PRINCES' AUTOMATIC ORGANS,
At BLUME'S MUSIC STORE,
No. 43 FIFTH STREET.

my18

NEW FIRST CLASS GROCERY,
No. 154 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
Fresh stock of choice
Teas, Coffee, Sugars, &c., &c.,
Which we offer to the public at lowest prices.
A. G. BRYANT.

my18:z61

CHOICE BEDDING PLANTS.
A very large stock of
Roses, Geraniums, Verbenas, &c.,
In bloom, at the Oakland Greenhouses.
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH.
Send for a catalogue. my18:e6

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIGHT AND HEAVY SPRING WAGONS.
Light and heavy City and Farm Wagons.
Light and heavy City and Farm Carts.
Wheelbarrows, for every purpose.
Trucks, of all kin'ds, Skids, Harrows, Horse Hay Rakes, Horse Hay Forks.
Mortised Hubs and Turned Spokes on hand and for sale at DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
my15:n86 COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

REMOVAL.
JOHN F. CLULEY,
House and Sign Painter,
Has removed to
No. 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Opposite the old stand.
my9:y97

F. MUSSMANN,
Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,
Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully on short notice.

ap21:d93

OPENING.—MRS. S. A. STODDART will open a handsome assortment of
Summer Bonnets, Hats, Caps,
AND HEAD-DRESSES,
On SATURDAY, May 11th, at 10 o'clock A. M.
No. 46 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny.
my8:z87

D. R. ECKER,
DEALER IN
CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE,
STONE HEARTHS,
WHITE LIME, CHIMNEY TOPS,
AND WATER PIPES.
Office and Warehouse, 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House.

FOR ONE DOLLAR YOU CAN get
A Can of good STRAWBERRIES;
A Can of good BLACKBERRIES;
And a Can of good FRESH TOMATOES;
At 112 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City.
GEORGE BEAVEN.
my16:z7

MALT! MALT! MALT!
1,000 BUSH. CHOICE BARLEY MALT,
For sale by HENRY REA, Jr.,
my16:n6 265 Liberty St., foot of Seventh.

THOSE WHO DESIRE BRILLIANCY OF COMPLEXION must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take NO other.

apl5:MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST OUT.
The Key to the Bankrupt Account.....50c.
Emerson's New Revenue Law.....$1 00.
J. R. WELDIN & CO.

my20

LIMESTONE
FOR SALE.

A good quality of LIMESTONE will be sold to any one in the lime business, at such rates as will leave a very large profit to any one wishing to engage in the business. Address,
P. R., GAZETTE OFFICE.
my20:z66

VALUABLE WORKS FOR REFERENCE.

I.
POST OFFICE DIRECTORY, FOR 1867. Revised and corrected to January, 1867. Price, bound, $2.00.

II.
EMERSON'S INTERNAL REVENUE GUIDE, FOR 1867. Containing the Law of June 30th, 1867, as amended March 2d, 1865 July 13th, 1866, and March 2d, 1867. With complete Digest and Alphabetical Index. Price, in paper binding, $1.00. Cloth $1.25.

III.
THE BANKRUPT LAW OF THE UNITED STATES, 1867. Adapted to the use of the Lawyer and Merchant. Edwin James. $1.50.

FOR SALE BY
KAY & COMPANY,
my20 Lafayette Building, 65 Wood street.

WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Street,
OFFER AT VERY LOW PRICES,
Lace Curtains, Gilt Cornices,
VESTIBULE LACE,
Worsted Damask.
my20:n14

NEW BOOKS.
Taylor's Colorado.
Last Days of our Saviour.
True Protestant Ritualism.
Emerson's Revenue Law.
Key to Bankrupt Account.
Methomania. By Albert Ilay.
Poe's Tales. 2 vols.
Christena Rosette's Poems.
Dark Year of Dundee.
Giant Cities of Bashan.
Sybil's Second Lover.
Aeniad of Virgil. Connington.
Good English Gould.
Alexander's Logic.
Church Doctrine. Sadler.
Rose Dene.
Longfellow's Diamond Edition.
The Declaration and Constitution, in 1 vol.
J. R. WELDIN & CO.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after MONDAY, May 20th, 1867, trains will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh Depot, corner Liberty and Seventh streets, as follows:

	Leaves.	Arrive.
First Kiskiminetas Accom.	6:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M
Mail, to and from Mahr'g	7:20 A. M.	7:30 A. M
First Soda Works Accom.	9:05 A. M.	8:00 A. M
Second Kiskiminetas Accom.	12:35 P. M.	6:00 P. M
Express to and from Mahr'g	2:15 P. M.	10:45 A. M
Second Soda Works Accom.	3:30 P. M.	7:25 P. M
Sunday Church Train from and to Soda Works	1:00 P. M.	10:00 A. M

Express North makes close connection at Mahoning with line of packets for Franklin and Oil City. Mail South connects with packets from Oil City and Franklin.

H. BLACKSTONE, Sup't.

my20

TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!
OF ALL PRICES AND QUALITY, AT
A. KIRK'S.

GREEN TEA.

Prime Young Hyson	$1.80 per pound.
Extra good "	1.50 "
Good "	1.30 "
Good "	1.20 "
Extra "	1.20 "

BLACK TEAS—Oolongs.

Best Oolong	$1.80 per pound.
Good "	1.30 "
Extra "	1.20 "

BLACK TEAS—Pouchong, Souchong and Congous.

Ex. Fine Rose Congou	$1.80	Breakfast	$1.20
" High "	1.50	Old Country, do	1.20
" "	1.40	Congou	1.00

JAPAN TEAS.

Uncolored Japan, very pleasant flavor.....$1.70
Japan, young Hyson, Leaf.....1.80

GILED TEAS.

No. 1 Mixed Teas, best Black, do. Y. H. $1.60
No. 2 " " do. 1.40

From the above any one can select just what kind of Tea they want, and have them put up in any quantity, and forwarded by any of the Express Companies, who now carry goods at low rates, and by doing so save twenty cents per pound in the price, besides getting a fresh and clean article which exactly suits their taste.

A. KIRK,
172 & 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

GENTLEMEN'S
FURNISHING GOODS,
No. 72 Fifth Street,
NEARLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

The most extensive variety, the latest novelties, the largest inducements west of New York.

Perfect Fitting French Yoke Shirts,
MADE TO ORDER.

PUTNAM & HOUSE,
SUCCESSORS TO
MURDOCK & PUTNAM.
GAITERS.
Ladies, Misses and Children's
LASTING, KID and MOROCCO CONGRESS, BUTTON and LACE
GAITERS, BALMORALS,
Slippers, Ties, &c.,
Warranted equal to any in the city, at
No. 81 Fifth Street.
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.
my3:n72:MWF

JUST RECEIVED AT
31 FIFTH STREET,
A large and superior stock of Gents', Boys' and Youth's
FRENCH CALF AND KID FAIR STITCH
BOOTS, CONGRESS GAITERS,
Balmorals, Oxford Ties, &c,
Selling at LOW PRICES, at
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.
my3:n72:MWF

GEO. C. SPANGLER.....JAS. BRADFORD.

SPANGLER & BRADFORD,
PRACTICAL
Plumbers and Gas Fitters,
No. 47 Ohio St.,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

Houses fitted up with WATER, GAS and STEAM by experienced workmen.
Particular attention given to country work.
HYDR and ALE PUMPS, latest style.
my17:z66

PITTSBURGH
STEAM MARBLE WORKS.

Marble in the rough at Eastern Prices. Freight added.

MARBLE MANTLES, plain and ornamental, but 12½ per cent. higher than before the war. Every house should have them: they are safe from fire, and a beautiful ornament.

FURNITURE SLABS, COUNTER TOPS, TYLE, MONUMENTS and GRAVESTONES constantly on hand and made to order. Persons wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to call at 310 LIBERTY STREET.

W. W. WALLACE.
my16-z85-d&wT

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
Proprietors of the
PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
Manufacturers of
WHITE AND RED LEAD,
ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD,
McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN,
And all colors ground or in oil.
Office, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.
Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street, and 49, 51 and 53 Lacock Street, Allegheny. my15:z52

ROCHESTER CHEMICAL WORKS.
C. B. WOODWORTH & SON,
Rochester, N. Y.,

Manufacturers of Golden Perfumery, Flavoring Extracts, &c. Employing only Chemists and Perfumers direct from Paris, who thoroughly understand their profession, we confidently recommend all articles manufactured by us as second to none, either foreign or domestic. Our new perfume,

PERSIAN LILAC,

Is the most delicate and fragrant extract ever compounded. For sale by all dealers.

New York Office and Salesroom, 299 Broadway.

OFFICE OF RECORDING REGULATOR, Pittsburgh, May 17th, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of BEDFORD STREET, from Washington street to Fulton street.

ELM STREET, from Wylie street to Bedford street.

Will be received at this office, West Market Buildings, until THURSDAY, May 23d, 1867.

H. J. MOORE,
Recording Regulator.

my17:z65

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RECENT MISCELLANEOUS PUBLICATIONS, for sale by
KAY & COMPANY,
65 Wood St., Lafayette Building.

A Journey to Ashango Land. By Paul B. Du Chaillu. Price $5.00.

The Twelve Decisive Battles of the War. By W. Swinton. Price $2.00.

Ter a Marise; or, Threads of Maryland Colonial History. By Edward D. Neill. Price $2.00.

Frederick the Great and his Family. By Mrs. Mulbach. Price $2.

Longfellow's Poetical Works. Diamond edition. Price $1.50.

Tan Ancelad of Virgil. Translated by John Conmington, M. A. Price $2.50.

The Diamond Dickens. Now Publishing. Illustrated. Per vol., price $1.50.

The Diamond Dickens. Now Publishing. Plain edition. Per vol., price $1.25.

Dickens' Works. Illustrated. Riverside edition. Per vol., $2.50.

Dickens' Works. New Globe Edition. Per vol., price $1.50.

Good English; or, Popular Errors in the English Language. By E. S. Gould. Price $1.50.

Studies in English. By M. Scheie De Vere. Price $2.50.

May Day. A New Volume of Poems by Ralph Waldo Emerson. Price $2.00.

Pictures of Recent Times. By Jas. Parton. Price $3.50.

Records of Five Years. By Grace Greenwood. Price $1.50.

The Literary Life of Jas K. Paulding. $2.50.

Up and Down in La Louisiane. Illustrated. By Mark Lemon. $2.00.

New America. By Hepworth Dixon. $2.75.

Homespun; or, Five and Twenty Years Ago. By Thomas Luckland. $1.75.

The Open Polar Sea. By Dr. Hayes. $3.75

Venetian Life. By W. D. Howells. A new edition. Price $2.00.

Wood Engraving. By Wm. Howitt. $2.00.

Colorado. By Bayard Taylor. $1.50.

Christie's Faith. A new Novel. $1.75

Trench's Hulsean Lectures. New Ed. $1.25.

With General Sheridan in Lee's Last Campaign. $1.75.

my20

W. S. HAVEN,
Book and Job Printer,
Cor. Wood and Third Sts.

With the facilities of Steam Printing and Railroad Ticket Presses, Numbering and Cutting Machines, he is prepared to execute everything in his line, such as

Railroad Tickets,	Bank Blanks,
Steamboat Blanks,	Checks,
Railroad Blanks,	Dray Books,
Letter Heads,	Transfer Books,
Statements,	Certificates of Stock,
Bills Lading,	Programmes,
Manifests, Receipts,	Visiting Cards,
Envelopes,	Pamphlets, Catalogues,
Business Cards,	Wedding Cards,

And Paper Books.

Deeds, Mortgages, and all kinds of Legal Blanks. my20:n59

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
Allegheny, Pa., May 18th, 1867. {

In pursuance with an Ordinance and Resolution adopted May 9th, 1867, Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until SATURDAY, the 25th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., for

10,000 feet, more or less, of 12 inch WATER PIPE.
24 12-inch STOP COCKS.
15 12-inch DOUBLE BRANCHES.
2 12-inch HALF BRANCHES.

The Pipe and Branches to be made of good, strong, soft iron, to stand a pressure of 200 pounds to the square inch, and to be of an uniform thickness in all parts of an inch, to weigh not less than 90 or more than 96 pounds to the foot, and to be delivered at such times and places as the Superintendent of Water Works may direct. For further details bidders are referred to GEO. N. MILLER, Esq., Supt. Bidders are requested to state price per pound, payable in twenty years six per cent. Bonds, with interest coupons attached, payable semi-annually. Also, the price per pound payable in five annual payments of one, two, three, four and five years, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

R. B. FRANCIS,
City Controller.

CHINA WAREHOUSE.
RICHARD BREED & CO.,
IMPORTERS,
No. 100 Wood Street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

BRITTANIA AND SILVER PLATED TABLE WARE, TEA TRAYS and TABLE CUTLERY, always on hand.
CHINA TEA SETS,
CHINA TOILET SETS,
CHINA TOILET SETS,
CHINA VASES,
CHINA SPITTOONS,
BOHEMIAN WARE of every description
GILT AND BASKETS,
LAMP VASES,
LAV

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

INVISIBLE

EMPRESS TRAIL SKIRT,

THE NEW SHAPE FOR

Spring, 1867,

IN

J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

(OR DOUBLE SPRING,)

SKIRTS,

The handsomest and most comfortable style yet introduced. SEE ALL FASHION MAGAZINES. Also, the New Issue in PARIS TRAILS, PRIDE OF THE WORLD, and TIP-TOP STYLES.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

AT WHOLESALE by all the leading Notion and Dry Goods Houses in Pittsburgh. Also, by Bole Owners of Patent and Exclusive Manufacturers,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers Street,

my16:w3mT NEW YORK.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES;

Boys' Cassimeres;
Gent's Cassimeres;
Black and Colored Cloths;
Grey Tweeds;
Kentucky Jeans;
Linen Checks;
Cottonades.

A large assortment of NEW GOODS, at the new store of

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.,

No. 87 Market St.,

NEXT DOOR TO THE SIGN OF THE "BIG BOOT."

my21:tu90

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

An elegant assortment of

Sun Shades and Parasols,

NEW BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS,

ENGLISH BONNET AND TRIMMING RIBBONS.

SPRING SHADES OF

THE BEST KID GLOVES.

"STAR" SHIRTS.

BEST PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS.

We have just opened a full line of all sizes and colors of the celebrated

"88" Kid Glove, at $1.10 per Pair.

We are authorized to guarantee every pair of the gloves sold. Should they rip or tear putting on, they can be exchanged for another pair.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

my1

NEW GOODS.

DAILY ARRIVALS THIS WEEK.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

AT 12 1-2 CENTS.

GOOD DARK

GINGHAMS.

AT 12½ CENTS.

LIGHT AND DARK PRINTS,

AT 22 CENTS,

YARD WIDE BLEACHED MUSLINS.

Colored Dress Silks, good variety;
Plain Black Silks, gros grains, a large stock;
Dress Goods, at all prices;
5-4 Wool Delains, all colors;
French Percales, all colors;
French Lawns, White Goods;
Nottingham Lace, for Curtains;
Striped Dimities;
Bonnets, Hats, Sundowns;
Ribbons, Flowers;
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas;

A full line opened to-day. A very large and new stock, wholesale and retail, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

my17

AT REDUCED PRICES!

Rain Umbrellas;
Morrison's "Star" Shirts;

JUST OPENED,

Galloon Trimmings;
Jet Drop Trimmings;
Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs;
Alexandre's Kid Gloves;
Velvet Ribbons, rich colors;
Guipure Laces and Edgings;
Infants' Caps;
Trimming Satins, all colors;

AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street,

my15:v12

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CANDIDATES.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

COL. JAMES A. GRAY,

Of McClure township, will be a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. ap26 y15

FOR ASSEMBLY.

WILLIAM B. ROSS,

Of Allegheny City, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap18 x15

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

JOSEPH B. M'DONALD,

Of the Second Ward, Allegheny City, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap11:x12

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

WILLIAM M'CLEAN,

Of Fitt township, (formerly North Fayette,) will be a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap10:x6

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

D. C. HULTZ

Will be a candidate for the office of PROTHONOTARY, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. ap5

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

JACOB H. WALTER,

Will be a Candidate for the office of PROTHONOTARY, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. mh23,v9:d3wT

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,

MAJ. J. F. DENNISTON,

(Formerly of Friend's Ride Guards) will be a Candidate for COUNTY TREASURER, subject to thedecision of the Union Republican Convention. mh24:v7s

AUCTION SALES.

DESIRABLE CITY MANSION, 88 CLIFF STREET—SPACIOUS GROUNDS AND BEAUTIFUL VIEW.—On TUESDAY EVENING, May 21st, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 139 Smithfield street, the elegant and desirable mansion, No. 88 Cliff street, a two story Brick Double House, with all modern improvements, having double parlor, dining room and kitchen on first floor, wash house and store room back; four large chambers, bath room and linen room on the second floor, and good dry cellar; marble mantles in parlor; gas, and hot and cold water throughout; improved patent ranges in kitchen; the whole house in excellent condition.

Ornamental grounds front, commanding a fine view. The lot is front or 50 feet on Cliff street and 150 feet in depth. An additional 25 feet front of the same depth, and with stable and carriage house thereon, would also be sold to purchaser of the house and lot, if desired, at reasonable proportion to the public sale.

This situation is unsurpassed in its advantages of private, elegant improvements and magnificent views. Possession given immediately. Those wishing to see it are invited to examine the premises. Terms, one-half cash; balance in easy payments. my15 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

FIVE YEARS CREDIT SALE.—Grand Auction Sale of 100 BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOTS, in the very centre of the Borough of Sharpsburg, on the new Western Pennsylvania Railroad and Allegheny river, two miles from the city, on MONDAY MORNING, May 20th at 9½ o'clock, on the premises, that very central and well known or hand tract, part of the Judy property, in the centre of Sharpsburg, has at last been subdivided into building lots of suitable size, to be sold at public sale on reasons to the highest bidder on liberal credit, as follows:

One-third cash, payable on delivery of deed, balance in five equal payments, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage on the lots, as a part of each purchase, to be paid on each lot when sold.

Two free Excursion Trains, of ten cars each, will leave the Depots of both the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, Federal street, Allegheny, and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, corner of Pike and Canal streets, Pittsburgh, at the same hour, 9 o'clock A. M., precisely, on the day of sale, and convey grown persons, (Ladies and Gentlemen only) and from the sale free of charge. Plots to be had at the Auction Rooms, No. 139 Smithfield street.

A. McILWAINE, Auct'r.

my16

VALUABLE BANK AND INSURANCE STOCKS.—TUESDAY EVENING, May 21st, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, on the second floor of the Commercial Sales Rooms, 139 Smithfield street—

30 shares Allegheny National Bank.
30 shares City National Bank;
50 shares Bank of Pittsburgh.
20 shares Second National Bank.
40 shares Boatmen's Insurance Co.

my20 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

1776. GLORIOUS 1867.

FOURTH OF JULY.

Look out for the great National Festival. Balloon Exhibitions Illuminations, Torch Light Processions, Bands, Cavalcade. Exhibition Union Fountain, &c.

JOHN M. KINNEY, Business Manager.

See future advertisements, bills and programmes. my9:x24

QUANTITY vs. QUALITY.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. The dose is small. Those who desire a large quantity and large doses ERR. mh25:MWF

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, MAY 20, 1867.

We have received from J. W. Pittock a copy of the *Atlantic Monthly* for June.

We are indebted to Adjutant General Russell for a copy of his Report for 1866. Also, to John W. Pittock, (opposite Postoffice) for a copy of Frank Leslie's Magazine for June.

Horses Stolen.—During Friday night last two horses were stolen from the stable of Mr. Sutton, on the Allegheny river bank, in the vicinity of Herr's Island. Very little trace had been obtained of the thieves up to Saturday evening.

United States District Court.—George Weyman, convicted last week for having in his possession counterfeit Treasury notes, with the intention to pass the same, was sentenced, on Saturday, to pay a fine of $100.00, and to undergo an imprisonment in the Penitentiary for a period of three years

Disorderly House.—Richard Keefe, of the Eighth ward, on Saturday, prosecuted Catharine and Jane Fisher, before Alderman Thomas, for keeping a disorderly house. Keefe, it seems, leased the premises to Robert Gowdy, by which the fact the accused. Gowdy has also been prosecuted. The defendants were held for a hearing.

Slight Fire and Accident.—Saturday forenoon the roof of a dwelling on Roberts street, Seventh ward, took fire from a spark from a chimney. Mrs. Brubaker, the occupant, climbed to the roof and extinguished the flame with a bucket of water, and in returning fell over the eave to the balcony, fortunately receiving but slight injury.

Monday's Trial List.

COMMON PLEAS.

83. (Jan.) Wm. Lindsay vs. Thos. Lindsay et. al.
36. (Mar.) John P. Vane vs. O'Neal & Co.
23. James Whitlow vs. James Crawford.
28. John McGee vs. John Collins.
30. Wm. Finch vs. city of Pittsburgh.
34. Good & Rothschild vs Roder & Saul.
35. B. Lauer & Co. vs. John Gast.
36. McClelland & Davis vs. W. K. Brandon.
37. C. C. Leslie vs. J. R. Dickey et. al.
38. John Lang vs. Duquesne borough.
39. March list, Simon vs. Union Express Co., fixed for Tuesday 21st inst.
35. March list, Cochran et. al. vs. Byers, fixed for Wednesday 22d inst.
29. April list, Evans vs. P. F. W. & C. R. R. fixed for Thursday, 23d inst.

DISTRICT COURT.

140. Long, Miller & Co. vs. Standard Petroleum Refining Company.
116. Wm. A. McClurg vs. Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R. Co.
14. Wm. Hespenheide vs. C. W. Potterfield.
22. J. P. Wilson vs. J. H. Hopkins and M. D. Madigan.
27. J. F. Beckham vs. Wm. Miller.
28. Bartlett, Smith & Co. vs. North American Oil and Mining Co.
30. John Heath vs. James Logan.
34. Moorhead & Co. vs. Tomlinson, Hartupee & Co.

☞ Additional Local Matters on First Page.

PERSONAL.

—Fred. Douglass' income—$6,116.

Rev. Petroleum V. Nasby's income is reported in Toledo at $1,315.

—Charles Colchester, the well-known spiritual medium, died at Keokuk, Iowa, on the 4th.

—It is reported that the prospects are favorable for an increase in the family of the Emperor of France.

—A man at Boston has sued his brother for $10,000 for alleged slanderous words used in a letter to their sister.

—L. Delmonico, the famous New York restaurateur, returns his income at $200,304. The previous year it was $71,817.

—Owing to a memorable interview with Ben. Wood, Hon. John Morrissey does not appear in the income returns this year.

—Mr. Jeremiah Arose, aged one hundred and six years and fourteen days, died near Keyport, Monmouth county, Indiana, last week.

—A man has just died in London who for the past seventeen years had followed the profession of frog-catcher for the serpents in the zoological gardens.

—Old John Bennehoff, the Petroleum King of Bennehoff Run, returned an income of $130,000 last year. This is the largest individual income returned in Venango county.

—Mr. Greeley tells Mr. Weed that if he had his deserts he would long ago have been in Sing Sing. Mr. Weed replies that when Mr. Greeley dares not act the burglar, he turns sneak.

—Miss Lloyd, an English land-owner, has given wholesale notice to quit to her tenants in Carmarthenshire and Pembrokeshire, in consequence of their wives and daughters wearing crinoline, a practice to which she objects.

—Rosa Bonheur, the celebrated animal painter, it is rumored, has become insane, her madness consisting in fancying herself an animal—a goat being the creature into which the great artiste believes herself transformed.

—Secretary Seward finds himself taxed for his Auburn property, at a valuation of fifty thousand dollars. It has been purchased it he paid five hundred dollars, but it has since been surrounded by the town. He is overlaying his house liberally.

—A correspondent of A California paper says: "Mr. Beecher is a remarkably handsome man when he is in the full tide of sermonizing, and his face is lit up with animation, but he is as homely as a singed cat when he isn't doing any thing."

—Bishop Loughlin, of the diocese of Brooklyn, disapproves of the practice of holding festivals and balls in aid of the Catholic churches. He is also opposed to the priesthood keeping trotting horses, and some of them have quit the practice.

—Ex-Gov. Smyth, of New Hampshire, has received a gold-headed ebony cane from two officers of that State, as a testimony of gratitude for kind remembrance of New Hampshire soldiers during the war. One of the donors says the Governor saved his life at Gettysburg.

—Robert Bonner, of the New York *Ledger*, says his new building and land will cost $216,000, and the edifice will be five proof. Last year his income was over $200,000. In addition to driving the fastest horses, Bonner has offered to hire a colleague for his parish clergyman at $5,000 a year.

—The London correspondent of the Chicago *Journal* states: Lord Brougham has just compromised a scandalous case in which he was involved, by paying £5,000, (£9,000 were claimed,) besides law expenses, which will probably swell the aggregate to £20,000 or £30,000. It is said that some disgraceful developments would have been made if the case had gone on.

—John T. Wheeler, of Seymour, now over 90 years old, has seventy grandchildren, fifteen great grandchildren, and two great great grandchildren. He has no gray hairs, can walk ten miles with ease, never used tobacco, never took but one dose of medicine, and never drank any liquor until after he was fifty years old.

—Madame Ristori sailed for Europe last Saturday, taking about $200,000 clear profits for eight months engagement. She has traveled seventeen thousand miles and played in twenty-eight cities. She has enjoyed unterrupted health, and has punctually met every engagement, thus appreciating the public in not a single instance and never changing a play that had been announced.

—Marshall F. Harris, of Wethersfield, Connecticut, while on his way from New Haven to New York, was robbed of $5,000 in bank notes, together with some articles of wearing apparel, which, by a man named Francis H. Lyons, with whom he became acquainted on the steamer Elm City, and to whom, by invitation, shared. Mr. Harris' state-room with him. The thief was afterwards arrested.

—The *Tribune's* name for the new territory purchased by Mr. Secretary Seward, is capital—"Walrussia." That is one of Sam Wilkeson's latest, in Sam's best style. What a pity it is that Sam no longer works regularly on the press; but since his connection with Jay Cooke made him a rich man, Mr. Wilkeson has not the time. He takes his case either at Wiliard's or on his own farm in Western New York.—*New York Citizen.*

—Miss Catherine Hatton, of Caroline county, Virginia, has lately made the startling discovery that she is the heir of property to the amount of about one million of dollars, in the upper part of New Albany, Indiana. The lady claims that she is the direct and only living lineal descendant and sole heir of George and Ann E. Hatton, who, in 1847, obtained a patent for one hundred acres of land on which the city is partly built.

—Susan Ann McQuinley was a table waiter in Burlington, Vt., only a few months ago. Being very handsome, she was a particular favorite with all the boarders of the male persuasion. Albert Gilbert, a negro cook. Subsequently they removed to Hartford. Here Susan became tired of her colored spouse, and eloped with a young fellow nineteen years of age, son of a contractor in Colt's armory. They went to New York, and thence to Holyoke, Massachusetts, where they were discovered, and Susan was arrested for bigamy.

—Attorney-General Stanberry is a strong argumentative lawyer, with a good voice and emphatic pronunciation, and he gesticulates nervously with his right hand. He is about five feet ten inches in height, and of a slender, wiry build, yet symmetrical. He has a well-balanced head, with perceptive and reflective faculties seemingly equal. His hair is iron gray, stiff, and parted on the back, and being combed forward over either ear stands bristling and brushy, and gives a rather stern expression to his features, which are symmetrical. Socially he is a cold, ungenial man, with very few friends.

—GOV. English, of Connecticut, is a very rich man, through his own exertions, but of limited education, dull in society, timid in character, and painfully deficient in executive qualifications. He is, however, kindly and obliging, and held such a patriotic course in Congress during the war that his party called him a "moral coward." Physically he is of medium height, with a pronounced Roman nose, a well cut mouth, a well cut nose, and intelligent grey eyes, that look as if made to see everything about him, and from the corners of which radiate the wrinkles of fifty-five years.

—A Boston letter says: "Some time ago I wrote you of a new poet, a western lady, whose manuscript was in the hands of one of our publishers. In addition to her poetical genius she is endowed with a fine epistolary faculty. In the course of his correspondence with her, the publisher, endeavoring to gratify a curiosity which business considerations must furnish the justification of, delicately intimated that, together with other personal particulars (she being an utter stranger) he would like to be informed as to her age. See how she replies: 'The last clause of your letter dismays me extremely. Must I furnish statistics! Is this the trying ordeal through which all young authors must pass! If so, no wonder so few lady writers survive it. Reject me, too, if you must, but don't make me part with that sacred secret usually so tenderly guarded by all my sex. Or, if a Yankee, please guess it.'"

—There was a funny controversy in the anti-slavery meeting in New York, Wednesday evening. Parker Pillsbury had been abusing Senator Wilson and declaring him "two fold more the child of hell" since his conversion to the church. When Stephen S. Foster, of Worcester, varied the diversion by introducing a resolution in favor of woman suffrage. Wendell Phillips, the President, declared the resolution out of order. Foster appealed from the decision, and total Phillipsism was wing to much authority, and if the Convention did not pass his resolution he could not stand upon his platform. Mrs. Foster, wife of Stephen J., rose and shook her umbrella at him, and took Mr. Phillips's part, belaboring her worser half soundly, not with the umbrella, but with her ever ready words. Wendell and Abbey were too much for Stephen, and the convention voted him and his resolution down. There would probably have been a secession and a new anti-slavery society under Foster, had not Miss Anna Dickenson come to the rescue and poured oil on the troubled waters in the shape of a resolution saying that the Society ought not to dissolve finally till female suffrage is established.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS!

SMALL PROFITS!

Never before was there such a good time to get

BARGAINS IN BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

W. B. CLAPP & CO.'S,

As they have but one net cash price for all, whether they are judges of goods or not. No second price is ever asked any man, woman or child. Strangers desiring to buy cheap should not allow anything to prevent their calling, if for nothing more than to get well posted on low prices. Prompt cash buyers are invited from every quarter, to share in the great bargains of BOOTS AND SHOES, at

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JUST OPENED, AT

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BELOW THIRD.

To accommodate the increased trade, we have opened a branch of our business, at NO. 36 SMITHFIELD STREET, with an entire new stock of WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, TRIMMINGS, FLOOR and TABLE OIL CLOTH, MATTRASSES and BEDDING of all kinds.

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Pittsburgh Importing House.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

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IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

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Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing superior facilities through our agents in Europe, and long experience in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice Wines and Liquors at prices less than the usual rates. Examination of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.

A choice assortment of FINE OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand. ap29:x8

J. S. MORRISON..... H. PARK..... ISAAC ROWERS.
F. CAUFMAN..... JACOB ERT.

MORRISON, BARE & CO.,

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Having purchased of ANDREW REGGS the entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery and Variety Goods, at the above stand, is his full intention to keep on hand a first class stock of

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Guns, Rifles Revolvers, Pistols, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods of every variety. Also, are also prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK; Grinding Razors, Scissors, &c., Cutting Screws and Stamps, and making Seal and Cancelling Stamps, at shortest notice.

W. R. BOWN, Manager.

mh29:w21

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN and A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follow the use of PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE BALM OF PARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the face. ap15:MWF

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LEATHER BELTING AND HOSE,

Manufactured at No. 88 SMITHFIELD ST., by

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Also, Agents for New York Rubber Co.

Gum Belting.

Always on hands a superior quality of LACE LEATHER and GUM HYDRANT HOSE, COPPER RIVETS and BURS, BELT HOOKS, etc.

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Of all Grades,

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CHEAPEST ARTICLE KNOWN TO THE TRADE

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ST. PAUL'S ORPHAN ASYLUM, CITY OF PITTSBURGH.

Carpenter Work, Plastering and Painting to be done by measurement.

Bids will be received for the separate kinds of work or for the whole job.

Bids to be addressed to "The Building Committee of St. Paul's Orphan Asylum," and left at the office of ARTHUR LARK, Secretary, No. 104 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

my3:j95

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WETTACH & MEASON,

Manufacturers of every description of

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Dealers in BELT and LACE LEATHER.

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FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.—One double-flued Boiler, 40 inches diameter, 28 feet long, almost new; one double-flued Boiler, 32 inches in diameter, 24 feet long, almost new, one Portable Boiler, 3 inch flues, very good, 12 horse power. Several new and second-hand Engines, on iron frames, from 7½ inch bore, 20 inch stroke, to 17 inch cylinder, 6 feet stroke. Enquire at the Industrial Works.

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They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by

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Concentrated Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Eradicates ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE DISEASES of the THROAT, NOSE, EYES, EYELIDS, SCALP and SKIN,

Which so disfigure the appearance, PURGING the evil effects of mercury and removing all taint, the remnants of DISEASES, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect safety.

TWO TABLESPOONFULS of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoctions as usually made.

AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review, on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affections, by Benjamin Travers, F. R. S., &c. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the excess of mercury, he states *that no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla, its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic with this inestimable attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the system so reduced, and yet so irritable as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable or injurious.*

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NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
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A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

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Affords immediate relief and effects permanent cures of all Urinary and Kidney Diseases in male and female, in shorter time than any remedy ever discovered. Price $1.00 per box. Sold by all Druggists.

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A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE. Please enclose a post-paid envelope addressed to yourself.

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN.

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BOILER MAKERS

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

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Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

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OF YOUTH AND EARLIEST MANHOOD.—HOWARD ASSOCIATION ESSAYS, on the Physiology of Marriage, and the Errors, Abuse, and Diseases peculiar to the first age of man, with Reports on new methods of treatment and Consultations in the Institution, sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. fe21:tsd

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EUREKA OIL WORKS,

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CHEMICAL LINSEED OIL,

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ap16:x47

OILS! OILS! OILS!

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BUFFUM KEHEW & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

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Petroleum Lubricating Oils

Sperm, Lard and Whale Oils,

HEAD-LIGHT, TANNERS' OIL & WHEEL GREASE.

ALSO,

STANDARD WHITE BURNING OIL,

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SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. de7:n56

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND BROKERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

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HENDRICK'S LUBRICATOR.

Manufactured by

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Keep constantly on hand

Cotton Factory Oil, Woolen Mill Oil, Light Cold Engine Oil, Light Cold Screw-Cutting Oil, Dark Machinery Oil, Dark Engine Oil, Dark Car Oil, No. 1, Dark Car Oil, No. 2. no26:n67

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WORKS IN TEMPERANCEVILLE.

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Brand—"Lucifer."

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Ample Storage for Crude and Refined Oil. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum. Cards for storage and shipment of Crude Oil at Lawrenceville. Office and Warehouse, corner of Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. my16:x85

LEGAL.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF the Orphans' Court of the County of Allegheny, I will expose to Public sale,

AT THE COURT HOUSE,

In the City of Pittsburgh, County aforesaid,

On Thursday, the 30th Day of May,

A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., all the right, title, interest and claim of Elizabeth, Henry, John T. and Margaret McCreary, (being the undivided one-half,) of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Elizabeth township, in the county of Allegheny aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post on the McKeesport road, and running thence east to lot No. 3 in a plan hereinafter mentioned; thence by the same one hundred and twenty feet to an alley 16½ feet wide; thence south by said alley to a post; thence one hundred and twenty feet to the place of beginning—being Lot No. 2 in what is known as Walker's second addition to the town of Elizabeth, in the county aforesaid, on which there is erected a Two-story Brick Dwelling House.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash, on confirmation of the sale by the Court.

MARY JANE McCOMBS,

my8:z21 Guardian.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, No. 3, March Term, 1867. Estate of Zerah Hayden, dec'd. Partition.

To Cornelius Hayden, widow, Zerah Hayden, George Hayden, Nathaniel Hayden, by his committee, Nathan McCreary, James Cunningham and Martha H., his wife; Nathan McCreary and Phebe Caterine, his wife; David Hayden, William Hayden and Cornelia Maria, his wife; Hiram Edmundson and Abby Ann, his wife, and Ellah Hayden, children and he

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

ALL SIZES 7 3-10 BONDS

Converted into 5-20's, 1865,

BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Cor. Fourth & Wood Streets.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with

Jay Cooke & Co.,

Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865, without charge.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

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mn14:y38

SELL YOUR 7-30's

AND

BUY 5-20'S.

Holders of SEVEN THIRTIES will find an advantage of OVER ½ OF ONE PER CENT. by converting on this plan.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

BANKERS,

COR. 4TH & SMITHFIELD STREETS.

apt6:y

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED IN TO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS.,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } SATURDAY, May 17, 1867.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as reported by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 136¾; Eighty-one bonds, 111¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 109; Five Twenties, 1864, 105¾; Five Twenties, 1865, 106¾; 5-20s, Consols, 107¼; Seven Thirties, first issue, 106¾; do, second and third issues, 106¾; Ten Forties, 99¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, 72¾; Fort Wayne & Chicago, 86¼; Erie, 62¾; Chicago and North Western, 34½; Chicago and North Western prefrrd, 59½; Chicago and Rock Island, 88; New York Central, 97½; Reading, 103¾; Michigan Southern, 67¼.

Gold opened strong at 137¼, decined to 136¾, advanced to 137, and closed firm at 136¾. The shipments being very heavy, amounting to about two million and a half. Shipments on Saturday are generally heavier than through the week, since the shipping rates are much lower. Governments are somewhat off to-day, but firm, though the demand is light.

Railroads are very dull and drooping; the bull party is too poor to buy for a rise, and 'outsiders' keep aloof. Nearly the entire share capital of some of the western roads is held in Wall street by speculators, and the money paid for is borrowed, and the stock left as collaterals. This accounts for the difference on call loans between government securities, and Railroad and miscellaneous securities. Should a panic occur in Wall street some of even the wealthier houses would be ruined, and thus the result of five years labor and excitement lost.

Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co:

U. S. 6s of 1881	111½
5-20's " 1862	109
" 1864	105¾
" 1865	106¾
U. S. 7-30 Treasury notes	106¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, January and July	107½
August Seven-thirties	106¾
June "	105¾
July "	105¾
Dec., Compounds, 1864	110¾
Gold	137¼

—The discretionary power granted to the Secretary of the Treasury permits him to buy for cash the five-twenty bonds now or to give for them five-twenty bonds of 1865. He has also the right, when making exchange, as we have before mentioned, to adjust the difference of interest upon *both bonds* in currency. The adjustment, as any one must see, gives the party exchanging the seven-thirty for the five-twenty all the gold interest earned since January 1, at par. A gain in another direction is also made. The currency bonds pay seven and three-tenths interest; the five-twenty, with gold at 135, pay 8.10 interest.

—In reference to the failure of the First National Bank of New Orleans, littles definite is yet known. It appears that the bank has been in difficulty, owing to the base some time since of $100,000 in forged bills, and the recent return of cotton acceptances. Nothing of the kind, however, is the occasion of the present suspension. It appears that, for some time, there have been unaccountable irregularities in the sub-treasury at New Orleans. Upon it appearing that there was a discrepancy in the Assistant Treasurer's accounts of about $1,200,000, the military authorities, under orders from Washington, seized the subtreasury; and as there was reason for supposing that the First National Bank was connected with misappropriations of treasury funds, the bank was seized by the authorities, and an investigation is now being made into the affairs of both institutions, for the results of which the Government must wait. From the connection between the offices, it is said that there is reason for suspecting that there has been a grave mal-administration of affairs both in the bank and the sub-treasury, and the whole affair seems redolent of official speculation, if not worse.

—The time fixed for the operation of the new bankrupt law is drawing near. The statistics of bankruptcy, under the uniform bankrupt law of 1841, showed that the number of applicants for relief under that law were 33,420; number of creditors, 1,040,000; amount of debts $440,944,615. In the Southern district of New York, an average dividend of one per cent. was paid; in Connecticut, one half of one per cent.; in Mississippi, six cents to a thousand dollars; Illinois, one dollar to a thousand dollars; Kentucky, eight dollars to a thousand dollars.

—The Chicago *Tribune*, of Friday, says: There is no change of notice in the tone or condition of the money market, and our remarks yesterday are equally applicable to-day. Paper is closely sought after, but the right kind experience no difficulty in obtaining recognition. In the open market, outside signatures pass at 1½@2½ per cent. per month, according to the standing of the maker and the nature of the collaterals.

CORRECTION.

In our report of the Pig Metal market, in Saturday's paper, we noted a sale of Red Bank, at $26, 6 mos. We have since learned, on good authority, that no metal from this furnace has been sold under $40, time. We make this correction with pleasure.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 18.—Flour dull at $13@99 14,75 for spring extras, $15,50@16,50 for easy; sales of No. 2 at 80@85; at the close buyers offered $2,65@2,70. Corn dull and 1@ 2c lower; sales of No. 2 at 96@91,00, No. 2 91@ 91½, closing quiet at 90½@99 for No. 1. Oats moderately active at 60@60¾ for No. 2, 60@60¾ for No. 1, quiet at $1,50@1,53 for No. 1. Barley dull and lower for No. 2 Rye; receipts: 3,300; Flour 9,000; Wheat, 63,000; Corn 9,500; Oats 4,800; Hogs shipments, 6,700; Flour 7,300; Wheat, 50,000.

Dry Goods Trade.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 18.—Four inquiry for cotton goods and the market is weak. Standard brown sheetings becoming very scarce and held for a higher figure without leading to business; per contra, lawrences C has been marked down by jobbers to 17; Shawmut to 16½, and Jeffersons to 12½. Prints in a shilling per yard, and about the cheapest in the market.

Stock of Grain in Chicago.

The amount of grain now in Chicago, as reported by the various warehouses to the Board of Trade, is 2,256,000 bushels, against 4,010,089 bushels at the same time last year, showing a decrease of 1,754,089 bushels. The receipts of all kinds of grain are light, and stocks will continue to be reduced till the new crop begins to come in, which will not be much before the beginning of July.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. fe19:y30

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } SATURDAY, May 18, 1867.

The produce markets have been rather dull during the past week, though there was a fair volume of business, in the aggregate. There has been some few changes in prices, none, however, of any material importance.

GROCERIES—There is a very fair jobbing demand for Groceries, and while the market is in the main steady, prices have undergone no essential change. Rio Coffee is quoted at 23½c for Roasting; 26 to 26½c for prime, and 27c for choice for choice. Sugars—14½c for choice N. O.; 13¾ to 13c for Cuba; 14c for Porto Rico; 16 to 16¼c for hard refined, and 14½ to 15c for soft do. New Orleans Molasses, 95c, and Rangoon Rice 10¼ to 10¾. Madison starch, 7½c, to the trade, and 8c, in small lots.

FLOUR is quiet but steady, with a fair local demand but unchanged. We continue to quote at $15 to $15,50 for good to choice Spring Wheat; $16 to $17 for Winter Wheat, and $18 to $20 for family brands. Sale of 50 bbls "Ford's" at $15, and 60 bbls "White Star" at $15,25 to $15,50. Rye Flour, $9,50 to $10.

GRAIN—No movement in Wheat. Oats more active and a shade stronger; sale of 2 cars, in elevator, at 96c, delivered; and 2 cars to be delivered between now and the 10th of June, seller's option, at 65c. Corn may be quoted at $1 to $1,05 for prime Yellow. Rye is in demand at $1,65, and prime Spring Barley $1,15. Sales of 1000 bush Rye, to-arrive, at $1,67.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet and steady but unchanged—9½c to 10½c for Shoulders; 11½c to 12½ for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 15½ to 15½c for Plain Sugar Cured Hams; 16½ to 16½c for Canvassed do. Lard 13 to 13½c; Dried Beef, 22½@23; and Mess Pork, $23,00 to $23,50.

POTATOES—Prime Peach Blows are in steady demand, and we can report sales in store, at $3,25 per bbl. Sales of prime Nershannocks at 90c per bush.

BUTTER—continues dull but prices are unchanged. Good to choice grass Butter is selling at 18 to 22c.

EGGS—Active demand and higher—fresh packed would probably command 18c per dozen.

CHEESE—Is selling at from 14 to 16c, according to quality.

DRIED FRUIT—As the supply of Green Apples is about exhausted, the demand for dried fruit will undoubtedly improve. As yet, prices remain unchanged at 8 to 9c for Apples, and 12c to 16c for Peaches.

HAY—Prime baled Hay is in good demand, while common and inferior is hard to sell at any price. The former may be quoted at $25 to $26.

OIL—Lard Oil is reported firm, with regular sales by manufacturers at 87 to 88c for No. 2, and $1,10 for No. 1.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } SATURDAY, May 18, 1867.

CRUDE—There was not a single transaction in Crude to-day, at least we had none reported, and while the market is dull and weak, prices have undergone no change whatever, and we continue to quote at 6¾ to 7c for spot oil, according to gravity. The sales throughout the past week have been unusually light, there being but comparatively little inquiry either for present or future delivery, though holders refused to make concessions in order to effect sales, being unable to replace their supplies, and consequently prices have not varied much for some time past. According to our latest advices from Oil City, oil still holds up well at that point, being quoted at $2,60 to $2,65, and $2,50 at Tidioute. There may be something in the business to other parties than those figures, but we do not believe that there is anything in it for Pittsburgh buyers, and the best proof of this is the fact that many of them have suspended operations for the present.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil was very quiet to-day, not a single sale of any description reported, and there was apparently a little weaker feeling, though prices remain unchanged, with the exception, perhaps, that 50c, 70 and 80c, bought could hardly be realized for the last two months of the year. Spot oil may be quoted at 28½c for standard white, delivered in Philadelphia, and 27½c in this city; 26c, and August and September, 30c. During the week several "calls" were sold for all the year, at 28c, and $1 per barrel, on board cars here, and 29c and $1 per barrel, delivered in Philadelphia, which is a slight improvement, but we know of no sales of the same character having been made at 28½c for free oil there is but little inquiry, and the transactions are mainly of an unimportant character. Prime light straw oil, 70c, could be quoted at 29 to 30c. Cleveland has monopolized the export business.

ARRIVALS—The following arrivals of oil were reported to day:

Fisher & Bro.....200 | C. Bettinger..... 60
McKenna & B....200 | W. McCutcheon.... 70

Total..... 530
Total Receipts for the week..... 5,200
Total Receipts last week..... 6,920
Total Receipts since Jan. 1..... 373,382

OIL SHIPMENTS PER A. V. R. R.

Nat. Ref. St. Co., 250 bbls refined to D. L. Miller, Phila; Lucesco Oil Co., 252 do do to Brewer, Burke & Co., Phila; J. Myers & Co., 200 do do to Waring, King & Co., Phila; H. Kochler & Co., 268 do do, Waring, King & Co., Phila; J. Bennett, jr., 150 do do to F. A. Dilworth, Phila; Forsyth, Bro & Co., 53 do do to Tack, Bro & Co., Phila; Forsyth, Bro & Co., 101 do do to W. G. Warden, Phila; S. McMahon, 112 do do to W. P. Logan, Phila; Liberty Oil Works, 45 do do to C. W. Morse, Phila.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchinson Ref. Co. 164 bbls ref. to W. G. Warden, Phila; Lafferty & Co., 169 do do, to Waring to King, Phila.; Brewer, Burke & Co., 168 do do, to C. W. Morse, Phila; Penn Salt Manf. Co., 25 do do, to Tack, Bro. & Co., Phila; Waring, King, 94 do do, to Waring King & Co., Phila.; Worthington Ref. Co. 99 do do, to Waring, King & Co., Phila.; W. P. Logan, 54 do do, to W. P. Logan & Bros., Phila.

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, May 18.—Cotton unchanged; sales of 900 bales low middling at 29c. Flour 5@10c lower; sales 6,000 bbls. at $10,75@11,90 for superfine State and Western; $12,15@13,90 for extra Western; $14,00@15,00 for common to choice white wheat Western; $13,40@15,00 for trade brands, market closing heavy and declining; California quiet and drooping; sales 250 bbls. and sacks at $16,50@17,00. Rye Flour steady; sales 200 bbls. at $8,90@9,50. Whiskey firmer; sales 900 bbls. in bond at $2,36@2,38c Receipts of Wheat moderate and quiet; common and inferior 1@2c lower; sales 15,000 bus. at $2,62 for No. 2 Chicago; $2,70 for No. 2 Milwaukee; and $2,75 for White California. Rye tends upwards; sales 1,356 bus. at $1,72 for Western; $1,74@1,76 for small lots choice, afloat. Barley quiet but unchanged. Malt dull. Canada Peas in moderate request; sales 8,000 bus. in bond at $1,30. Receipts of Corn 50,000 bus.; market opened a shade firmer, but closed heavy; sales 95,000 bbls. at $1,22@1,25 for new mixed Western; $1,22 for unsound do; $1,30@1,31 for old mixed Western; $1,32@1,33 for white Western. Oats fairly active and 1@2c better; sales of 90,000 bus at 87@88c for western, and 91@92c for State. Rice firm at 10½@12½c for Carolina. Coffee steady and in moderate demand. Sugar fairly active; sales of 400 hhds Cuba at 12¾, including refined, and 800 bbls. bought, could hardly be realized for the last two months of the year. Spot oil may be quoted at 28½c for standard white, delivered in Philadelphia, and 27½c in this city; 26c, and August and September, 30c. During the week several "calls" were sold for all the year, at 28c, and $1 per barrel, on board cars here, and 29c and $1 per barrel, delivered in Philadelphia, which is a slight improvement, but we know of no sales of the same character having been made at 28½c for free oil there is but little inquiry, and the transactions are mainly of an unimportant character. Prime light straw oil, 70c, could be quoted at 29 to 30c. Cleveland has monopolized the export business.

St. Louis Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, May 18.—Produce firm, and better qualities slightly higher. Cotton firm, at 24c. Flour dull, unsettled and drooping; there is not enough demand to establish a price. Wheat flat, at $2,30@2,70 for spring; $2,75@2,85 for prime fall, and $3,40 for choice. Corn firmer and steady, at $1,08@1,13. Oats steady, at 58@60c. Barley and Rye unchanged. Pork steady, at $22,50@22,75. Bacon; shoulders, 8½@9c; rib sides, 11½@ 12c; clear do, 12½@13c. Hams, 12@14c, sugar cured do, 15½@16c. Lard easier, at 12½c for choice steam. Whisky quiet, at $2,37 in bond.

Buffalo Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BUFFALO, May 18.—Flour steady; sales of 500 barrels at the late rates. Wheat dull and small sales of white Canada at $3,35@ 3,50; the market was unsettled and irregular closing with Chicago offered at $3,25@3,30 with no buyers. Oats nominal at 52 for Ohio, and 71 for No. 2 Western. Rye is wanted and higher in moderate demand. Barley quiet. Highwines dull and nominal. Barley quiet at $1,20@1,25 for Canada.

Baltimore Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BALTIMORE, May 18.—Coffee dull; prime Rio scarce, 19½c, in gold. Flour nominal, at yesterday's decline. Wheat dull; Western red, $3,30. Corn advanced 1@2c, both on white and yellow mixed; sales of 18 bus. at $1,06@1,10. Oats steady, at 70@72c. Rye firm, 1@2c higher, for good to prime refining. Provisions dull and firmer but unchanged. Whisky, in bond, $2,32@2,33.

Philadelphia Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—Flour dull; superfine, $9,50@10,00; extra, $10,50@11,50. Wheat scarce. Rye, $1,70@1,73 for choice Penna. Corn quiet; yellow, $1,25. Oats active; sales 12,000 bush. Penna. and Southern, at 78@80c. Quercitron bark $45. Whisky nominal.

Toledo Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

TOLEDO, May 18.—Flour quiet, at $10,50 for spring. Wheat unchanged; sales of amber at $2,30. Corn opened dull and closed lower for No. 1, and 2c lower for No. 2; sales of No. 1 at $1,05½ to $1,07; No. 2 97@98c. Oats le better; sales at 72@74c for No. 1. Rye scarce. Lake freights very dull, at 3½c on corn to Buffalo.

Louisville Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, May 18.—The markets are unchanged in every respect. Pork, $22,50@ 22,75. Flour unchanged. Corn meal, $1,10, sacks included. Tobacco; sales to-day of 142 hhds., ranging from $15,00 to $20,25 per 100 pounds. Bacon and Lard unchanged.

Memphis Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, May 18.—Cotton dull and easier at 24@25½c. Receipts, 1,000 bales; exports, 2,663 bales. Corn $1,25@1,28. Oats 90@92c. Bran $1,00. Hay $1,25@1,30 for superfine. Pork quiet, at 22½@23,00. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard, 13½@14c. Others unchanged.

Milwaukee Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MILWAUKEE, May 18.—Flour dull; double Extra $11,35@13,00@13,25. Wheat unsettled; $2,31 for No. 2, Milwaukee; $2,40 for No. 1; $2,50 for Rejected. Oats firm, 72@ for No. 2. Corn firmer; $1 for No. 1.

Chicago Cattle Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, May 18.—Beef cattle dull at $5,00 @5,75, for good to prime shipping steers. Hogs moderately active at $6,25@6,50 for fair to good choice.

San Francisco Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, May 18.—Flour and wheat quiet and unchanged. Legal Tenders, 74¾.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.

EVERY SATURDAY, AT 12 M.

The fine steam passenger packet BELLE, LAUGHRAY, Commander; J. W. CHAMBERS, Clerk. For freight or passage apply on board, or to

my17 Agents.

FOR EVANSVILLE,

CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.

The splendid passenger steamer

LURLINA.....Capt. SAM SUMMAN,

Will leave as above on THIS DAY, May 20th, at 4 o'clock p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

J. D. COLLINS, Sr'd'g. } Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE.—The fine steamer

JULIA.....Capt. COULSON,

Will leave as above on THIS DAY, 18th inst.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

my18 BLACK & COLLINS'WOOD, Agents.

REGULAR WEEKLY

CINCINNATI PACKET,

LEAVING EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 12 M.

—The fleet and commodious

ARGUS, Capt. LEWIS VANDEGRIFT,

W. H. scott, Clerk.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

JAMES COLLINS, } Agents.

fe11 CHAS. BARNES }

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL

HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, 92 Fourth street, one door from Wood, Pittsburgh. Always on hand a general assortment of Ladies' Wigs, Bands, Curls; Gentlemen's Wigs, Toupees, Scalps, Partial Curls, Bracelets, &c.

A good price in cash will be given for Raw Hair.

Ladies' and gentlemen's hair-cutting done in the neatest manner. mh21:y61

LOCUST STREET.—The undersigned, appointed to assess damages and benefits for opening of Locust street, Fifth ward, Allegheny City, from Fulton street to Beaver street, a distance of 1,250 feet, will meet on the premises, on the 9th day of June, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., to fulfill the duties of their appointment.

JAMES MORGAN,
JOSEPH KIRKPATRICK,
JAMES GRAHAM.

my15:z49

FIRE SCREENS

OF A NEW STYLE,

On canvas, with oil paintings and gold and velvet frames, at

my8 **107 MARKET STREET.**

JOS. B. HUGHES & BRO

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 136¾.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 18, 1867.

MONEY.

There was a decided easing in money matters toward the close of bank hours, and demand from brokers was freely met at 5@ 6 per cent. on miscellaneous collaterals.

BANK STATEMENT.

The bank statement on Monday will show an increase of about $1,200,000 in loans, $400,000 in specie, $50,000 in circulation, $1,500,000 in deposits, and a decrease of $1,000,000 in legal tenders. The statement is unfavorable on the whole, and reflects very plainly the fact that the banks have either been buying freely or lending on Government bonds.

GOLD.

Gold closed dull and steady. Loans were made from flat to 6 per cent. for carrying. Foreign Exchange dull and firm.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Government Securities were dull and lower. The fact that Mr. Graham's name appears as registser on certain series of 1862 coupons, which were supposed completed before he took the office, creates some talk. Coupons of 1881, 111¾@111¾; 5-20s registered of 1862, 106@106¼; 5-20 coupons of 1862, 108¾@ 109; 5-20 coupons of 1864, 105¼@105¾; 5-20 coupons of 1865, 106¾@106¾; 10 40s registered, 99¾@99¾; August 7 30s, 106¾@106¾; June 7-30s, 106¾@106¾.

STOCKS.

Stocks opened steady, but soon became heavy and lower. Subsequently the market became firmer and closed steady.

The following were the prices at 5:30 P. M: American gold, 136¾@137¾; Ohio certificates, 24¾@24¾; Cumberland coal, 30½@30¾; Mariposa, 9¾@9¾; preferred, 20½@20¾; Western Union Telegraph, 42¾@43¾; Pacific Mail, 128@128¾; Atlantic Mail, 103¾; Michigan Southern, 67¾@67¾; Erie, 62¾@62¾; Hudson, 101¾@101¾; Reading, 103¾@103¾; Michigan Southern, 67¾@67¾; Illinois Central, 113¾@113¾; Pittsburgh, 72¾; Rock Island, 88¾; North Western, 34¾@34½; do preferred, 59¾@60.

MINING MARKET.

Active and higher on Corydon at the morning board; the stock sold from 220 to 250; Gregory, dull at 68@68½; Quartz Hill at 140; Walkill rose to 90. No board in the afternoon, but on the street Corydon was the great feature, selling freely at from 255 to 265; Quartz Hill rose to 260.

Dry Goods, $915,820; General Merchandise, $3,017,471.

SUB-TREASURY.

The receipts of the Sub-treasury to-day were $1,343,388; payments, 2,046,857.

BORDER STATE BONDS.

Border State bonds firm; on Tennessee, 61 but otherwise heavy; New Tennessee 65 62¾@63¼; Old Virginia, 63@67; new N. S. 64@65; Hannibal and St. Joseph bonds, 81@ 82¾; Missouri, 90@97½; Pacific bonds, 97½@ 97¾. Steamship list; active, on Atlantic Mail stock; sold at 104@104½, closing lower.

Miscellaneous list heavy and lower. Coal stocks dull. Atlantic Mail Steamship Co. have declared a dividend of 2½ per cent, payable June 10th.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, May 18.—Cotton unchanged; sales of 800 bales low middling at 25½. Exports, 1,500 bales; receipts, 371 bales. Sugar and Molasses—Sales, and the market is nominally unchanged. Flour dull and declining; superfine $12,75; choice extra $17,75. Corn in good demand, but declined 5c; yellow and mixed $1,25@1,30; white $1,30@1,35. Oats in moderate demand and firm, at 92@ 95c. Hay $25@34. Lard dull and lower; in tierce nominally 13c; in large, 13½c. Pork heavy and dull at $21,25@24,37. Bacon in good jobbing demand, shoulders retailing at 9½c, rib sides at 12½c, and clear sides at 13½@ 13¾c. Coffee—fair to prime 17¾@18¾c. Gold 135¾. Sterling Exchange 47@49 and nominal. New York Sight Exchange from par to ¼@¾ per cent. discount.

Cincinnati Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, May 18.—There was not much done in Flour or Wheat, but there was a firmer feeling, and holders generally withdrew samples of the latter. Red sold at $1,50@1,50. Rye flour, $9@9,50. Corn meal, $4@4,50. Corn is quiet and dull, at 92@93c for No. 1 in store or afloat. Oats are quiet at $2,60 to $2,65, and $2,50 at Tidioute. There may be something in the business to other parties than those figures, but we do not believe that there is anything in it for Pittsburgh buyers, and the best proof of this is the fact that many of them have suspended operations for the present.

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OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

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New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, May 18.—Cotton a shade easier; sales 900 bales at 29c for middling upland. Flour; receipts 4,281 bbls; market dull and 15@25c lower; sales 3,800 bbls. at $10,75@11,90 for superfine State and Western; $12,15@13,90 for extra Western; $14,00@15,00 for common to choice white wheat Western; $13,40@15,00 for trade brands, market closing heavy and declining; California quiet and drooping; sales 250 bbls. and sacks at $16,50@17,00. Rye Flour steady; sales 200 bbls. at $8,90@9,50. Whiskey firmer; sales 900 bbls. in bond at $2,36@2,38c Receipts of Wheat moderate and quiet; common and inferior 1@2c lower; sales 15,000 bus. at $2,62 for No. 2 Chicago; $2,70 for No. 2 Milwaukee; and $2,75 for White California. Rye tends upwards; sales 1,356 bus. at $1,72 for Western; $1744@1,76 for small lots choice, afloat. Barley quiet but unchanged. Malt dull. Canada Peas in moderate request; sales 8,000 bus. in bond at $1,30. Receipts of Corn 50,000 bus.; market opened a shade firmer, but closed heavy; sales 95,000 bbls. at $1,22@1,25 for new mixed Western; $1,22 for unsound do; $1,30@1,31 for old mixed Western; $1,32@1,33 for white Western. Oats fairly active and 1@2c better; sales of 90,000 bus at 87@88c for western, and 91@92c for State. Rice firm at 10½@12½c for Carolina. Coffee steady and in moderate demand. Sugar fairly active; sales of 400 hhds Cuba at 12¾, including refined, and 800 bbls. bought, could hardly be realized for the last two months of the year. Spot oil may be quoted at 28½c for standard white, delivered in Philadelphia, and 27½c in this city; 26c, and August and September, 30c. During the week several "calls" were sold for all the year, at 28c, and $1 per barrel, on board cars here, and 29c and $1 per barrel, delivered in Philadelphia, which is a slight improvement, but we know of no sales of the same character having been made at 28½c for free oil there is but little inquiry, and the transactions are mainly of an unimportant character. Prime light straw oil, 70c, could be quoted at 29 to 30c. Cleveland has monopolized the export business.

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RIVER NEWS.

The river has undergone but little change during the past two days, the Monongahela marks indicating seven, while the Allegheny marks showed a little over eight feet. The weather yesterday was mild and pleasant, though at times, there were very strong indications of rain.

The Minnie, from Louisville, is due here to-day, and the Kate Putnam and Importer, from St. Louis, ought to reach hear to-morrow. The Argosy left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Friday, and the Ida Rees was advertised to follow on Saturday.

Capt. J. H. Marratta and clerk Eakin, of the Emma No. 2; Captain D. A. Swaney, of the Armadillo, and Capt. T. H. Golding, of the America, left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Friday evening.

The Leclaire and Sherman left St. Louis on Thursday, and the Columbia, enroute from St. Paul to Pittsburgh, arrived there the same day. The Glasgow was at Evansville on Friday.

The towboat Alps and Panther were at Portland on Thursday. The Ajax is lying at New Albany getting a new shaft.

We learn from the Cincinnati *Commercial* that Capt. Jesse Younker, formerly of the towboat Baltimore, left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Friday for the purpose of contracting for a new towboat for the Cincinnati and New Orleans trade.

The Miner, which was reported captured and destroyed by the Indians, was at Fort Sully, above the scene of the reported catastrophe on the 3d inst.

The Belle arrived on Friday evening with a very fair trip, and returned again on Saturday evening. There were no other arrivals or departures aside from the regular packets.

The Julia No. 2, Capt. Wm. Coulson, with Mr. J. H. Winters' family, arrived at Louisville, on Thursday, and will take her departure for Cincinnati and Louisville this evening or to-morrow without fail.

The Lorena, Capt. Sam. Shuman, is filling up steadily for N. Orleans, and will be the first boat out. The Glendale, Capt. Hare, is next in turn after the Lorena.

The Lecture left St. Louis for Cincinnati on Thursday, and the Bellevernon reached there the same day. The *Democrat*, of Friday, has the following: The unfortunate J. G. Blackford was sold yesterday by the Sheriff, and a man named Wood, from Cincinnati, made a bid of $1000. We would like to see the man who could be so cruel minded as to offer that amount for a boat that cost $80,000 some two or three years ago. It is proper to remark, however, that the boat was sold under attachment for somebody's debt; her affairs are disarranged, and the United States marshal has yet to knock her off to a final purchaser.

Capt. T. H. Golding, of the America, is out in a card in the Louisville *Courier*, in which he pointedly denies having written a letter which lately appeared in the Cincinnati *Commercial*, reflecting rather severely on Louisville shippers. Capt. G. is a man of veracity, and there is evidently a misunderstanding somewhere, as we do not believely that the Cincinnati *Commercial* would intentionally misrepresent any one.

The St. Louis *Democrat* says that the Leclaire is offered for sale. She would make an excellent low-water boat.

The Importer and Kate Putnam left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Thursday, and the Wild Duck and Argosy arrived there the same day. The Importer and Putnam were loaded principally with coal. The Ida Rees and Argosy were advertised to leave for Pittsburgh on Friday.

The steamer Denver, plying in connection with the Hamilton and St. Joseph Railroad, was destroyed by fire on Thursday morning at St. Joseph. She was built at New Albany, Indiana, about three years since, valued at $40,000, and insured for $20,000—$5,000 each in the following Cincinnati offices: Central, Union, Buckeye State, Ohio Valley, and Magnolia.

Among the independent resolutions adopted by the Steamboatmen's convention at St. Louis, was one that establishments of light by the Federal Government at points on the Mississippi and Ohio rivers, where dangerous obstructions exist, or where long detentions are incurred in fog, would contribute greatly to the safety of lives and property. That the hydrostatic test as now applied to high-pressure steamers, is entirely out of proportion in comparison with the amount of steam allowed to be carried, and that thereby, many accidents occur; that a test of twenty pounds over the amount allowed to be carried, is ample for the protection of life and property.

The Louisville *Journal* says: The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed Wm. D. Gallagher, Special Treasury Agent, of Louisville, to make an examination of the affairs of the Canal Company and report as soon as possible. Mr. Gallagher left for Louisville on last Monday for Louisville. The examination will be thorough and exhaustive, and will be made in the first appropriation for this public improvement. We regret that the Secretary of the Treasury has not appointed a committee of three gentlemen to examine into the Louisville Canal Company—say Mr. Gallagher, from Louisville, and competent representatives from Pittsburgh and Cincinnati. It is a well established fact that nine-tenths of the tolls paid for passing through the Canal, is exclusively from Cincinnati and Pittsburgh boats.

The steamwheel steamer Lansing, plying as a packet between Davenport, Rock Island and Fort Byron, when near Hampton, on Monday, exploded a boiler, killing the following named persons: George White, pilot; Wm. Wassell, cook; Wm. Mears, fireman; W. H. Noble, of Burrington, and W. H. Beebe, of Colorado, H. Curtiss, of Hampton, and Wm. Wright, of Davenport, are drowned. Several of the crew and passengers were scalded. The boat took fire after the exploding, and was totally destroyed.

The Louisville *Courier* is talking about building a fine boat at Louisville—one that will astonish the natives. In referring to the matter, the Cincinnati *Gazette* very appropriately remarks:

If the owner of this wonder causes the hull and cabin to be constructed at Madison, Ind., the machinery in Cincinnati, the silver ware in New York, the paints and oils in China, the cabin outfit in Europe, and has money as plentiful as Croesus, spends it as lavishly as Coal Oil Johnny, runs the boat in the Louisville and New Orleans trade, she will, no doubt, prove herself possessed of all the qualities claimed by the *Courier*, and will be a lasting monument to the mechanical ingenuity and live enterprise of Louisville and its Citizens.

Among the delegates present at the St. Louis Convention is Capt. D. Hiner, the oldest living steamboatman. It is a common remark that Capt. H. is so old that he remembers the Mississippi when it was but a creek." Capt. Hiner was engineer of the boat that brought Gen. Lafayette up the Mississippi river in 1825.

An alarm of fire was raised on a Mississippi steamboat lately, in consequence of which